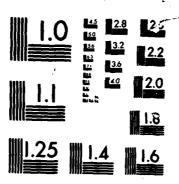
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NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL Monterey, California





THESIS

DEVELOPMENT OF A DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM TO AID IN THE AERODYNAMIC STUDY OF VARIOUS HELICOPTER CONFIGURATIONS

by

Patrick A. Witt

March 1986

Thesis Advisor:

Donald M. Layton

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Development of a Data Acquisition System to aid in the Aerodynamic Study of Various Helicopter Configurations

by

Patrick A. Witt Lieutenant, United States Navy B.S., United States Naval Academy, 1978

Submitted in partial fufillment of the requirements for the degrees of

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING and AERONAUTICAL ENGINEER

from the

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL March 1986

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ABSTRACT

) This thesis developed a data acquisition system to be used in conjunction with the 3.5' x 5.0' low speed wind tunnel at the Naval Postgraduate School. Interactive graphic programs were developed to aid in data acquisiton and analysis. In addition, the internal balance that was designed by Major Scott Mair and Major Chris Sargent was redesigned to correct some problems encountered with the drag component. The balance was also instrumented to record the pitch and yaw moment components. A calibration rig was designed and constructed in order to evaluate the interactions of the different components. The equipment programs developed for data acquisition and used and analysis were adequate. However, balance calibration revealed problems with the calibration rig and location of the roll component strain gage. Both of these problems will have to be corrected before accurate readings can be expected from this balance design.

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

This project used the 3.5' x 5.0' low speed wind tunnel at the Naval Postgraduate School to continue the aerodynamic study of the effects of helicopter noses and tails on drag conducted by Major Mair [Ref. 1] and Major Sargent [Ref. 2]. Their work included the construction of nine various helicopter configurations, a sting mounted support system and a four-degree-of-freedom balance that was internal to the model. They also studied the airflow around the various configurations with cotton tufting.

To reduce and analyze the data, Majors Mair and Sargent developed several independent computer programs. These programs calibrated the balance, corrected the raw data from the wind tunnel runs, computed the equivalent flat plate area and produced plots of various parameters for comparison. However, due to problems encountered with the drag component of the balance, their results were inconclusive.

B. GOALS

The primary goal of this project was to provide the students enrolled in the helicopter design class at the Naval Postgraduate School with a laboratory type set-up that would develop realistic Equivalent Flat Plate Area

information for various helicopter configurations. This included creating interactive computer programs that the students could use with the personal computer located at the wind tunnel.

The secondary goals of this project were to upgrade the two-axis internal wind tunnel balance to a six-axis internal balance and to develop a calibration rig to evaluate the interactions of the balance components.

Three landing gear configurations were also designed and constructed for future analysis of the drag that they add to the helicopter.

II. APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM

A. LANDING GEAR DESIGN

To provide a realistic representation of landing gear used with modern-day helicopters, one type of landing gear was selected for each nose shape (Figures 2.1-2.3). Planviews for the three types of landing gear were prepared and are included in Appendix A.

For the attack nose, a skid type of landing gear was constructed of aluminum tubing secured to an aluminum plate. This type of landing gear is considered a fixed gear but was chosen because of its wide use for numerous helicopters. For both the smooth nose and blunt nose a simulated retractable gear was constructed of wood stubwings and model airplane tires. Threaded inserts were mounted in the noses and stubwings to allow easy removal of the wheel and strut assemblies. This allowed the models to be tested in both the clean and dirty configuration.

B. INTERNAL BALANCE MODIFICATION

A modified Mair/Sargent balance, Figures 2.4-2.7, was used for this project.

To improve the output recorded from the axial component, the cuts (see Figure 2.4) alongside that cavity were increased by 1/16 of an inch. In addition, the cavity itself was squared off thus reducing the curvature of the

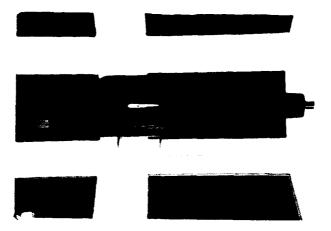


Figure 2.1 Attack Nose with gear

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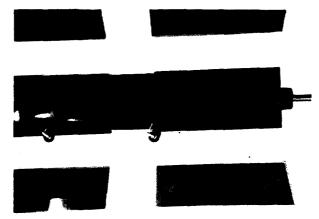


Figure 2.2 Smooth Nose with gear

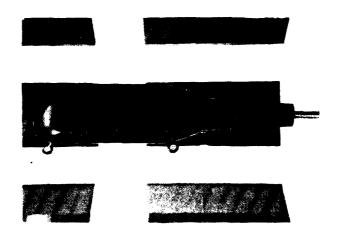


Figure 2.3 Blunt Nose with gear

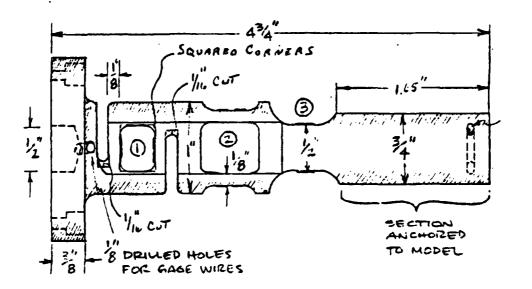


Figure 2.4 Internal Balance with Modifications

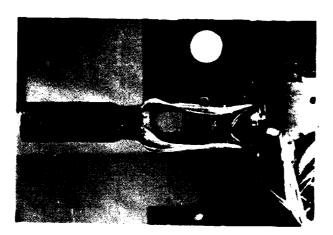


Figure 2.5 Re-Wired Internal Balance

surfaces in the cavity. These modifications increased the flat area upon which the strain gages could be placed.

An area (see Figure 2.6), similar to that for the pitching moment component, was cut to allow recording of the yawing moment component.

For compatability and increased accuracy, the aluminum strain gages were removed and replaced by EA-09-062AQ-350 stainless steel ones. These gages were smaller and thus allowed for better placement within the cavities. To provide a longer life, the gages were bonded to the balance with an M-Bond AE-15 adhesive system. They were cured at a temperature of 150 degrees Fahrenheit for two hours.

It was desired to record the six component forces on the helicopter; lift, drag, yaw, pitching moment, yawing moment and rolling moment. However, since the internal balance was designed to record only four components, the sting support was instrumented to record the yaw force and rolling moment (Figure 2.8).

The gages for the yaw component were placed on the side of the sting support to undergo tension and compression when subjected to a yawing force. The gages for the rolling moment component were placed on top and bottom of the sting support at a 45 degree angle to the sting axis. Thus, they experienced tension and compression when the model was subjected to a rolling moment.

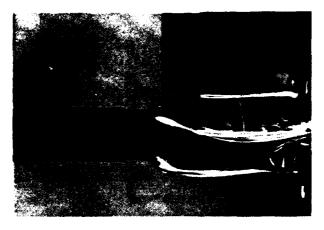


Figure 2.6 Lift, Pitch Moment and Yaw Moment Gages

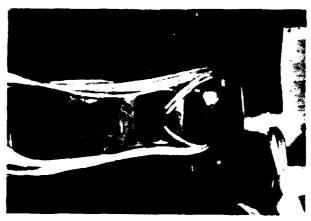
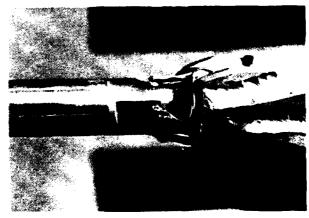


Figure 2.7 Drag Component Gage



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Figure 2.8 Yaw and Roll Moment Gages

C. BALANCE CALIBRATION

In order to determine any interaction between the six recording components, a calibration rig was designed and mounted to the main fuselage (Figure 2.9). The pans and pullies were arranged to simulate the twelve forces and moments that the helicopter models would experience in the wind tunnel. Each pan, or component was loaded from zero to twenty pounds in one pound increments. With each loading, readings from the other five components were recorded. This method was conducted until all six components were loaded in both the positive and negative direction and produced thirty interaction matrices.

A balance calibration program, Figure A.16, was written to determine the relations required to convert the raw data counts to actual forces and moments. For each component loading, the prime gage constants were determined using the following least squares curve fit [Ref. 3]:

```
[Sum(Xi)^2]*Kl + [Sum(Xi^3)]*K2 = Sum(Xi*Yi)
[Sum(Xi)^3]*Kl + [Sum(Xi^4)]*K2 = Sum((Xi^2)*Yi)
where Xi is the raw data count
and Yi is the applied load
```

Once these constants were computed for all twelve loadings, the raw data counts were converted to forces and moments. Then for each interaction matrix, the same least squares equations were used to determine the interaction coefficients. These prime gage constants and interaction

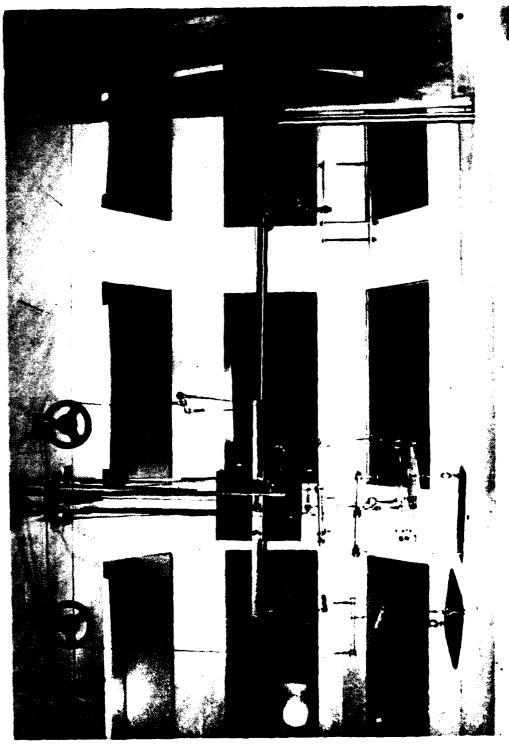


Figure 2.9 Balance Calibration Rig

coefficients were stored for use in the reduction of the raw data recorded during the wind tunnel tests.

D. DATA ACQUISITION

To improve data reduction, it was desired to have a data acquisition system built into the wind tunnel instrumentation. The strain gages on the internal balance and support sting were connected to a Pacific Instruments model 8255 transducer amplifier (Figure 2.10). The outputs from this unit were then routed to data acquisition cards mounted in an IBM PC AT. A data acquisition program, Figure A.10, was incorporated into the interactive program set that allowed for quick and easy recording of test data.

Having the transducer amplifier connected to the strain gages allowed for easy zeroing and balancing of the gages. The data acquisition set-up provided real time readout of the forces that the helicopter was experiencing in the wind tunnel.



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Figure 2.10 Data Acquisition Equipment

III. SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM

A. DATA COLLECTION AND REDUCTION

The data collection program, Figure A.10, was designed to record the data in a standardized collection method. Interactive steps instruct the user to follow the procedures listed below.

- 1). Zero all amplifiers without the model in place.
- Mount the model to the sting support and record a zero force reading.
- 3). Place the calibration switches to the + position and record a calibration reading.
- 4). Replace the calibration switchres to the center position and start the wind tunnel.
- 5). Record first and last data point at zero angle of attack with all other readings between plus ten degrees and minus eight degrees angle of attack.

By using a delay loop, changes could be made to the angle of attack of the model before the next set of data points were recorded. For each tunnel speed, the data recorded for the various angles of attack were stored on separate files.

Once the tunnel runs were completed and the data was recorded on file, another program, Figure A.11, was designed to convert the raw readings to readings of forces and monemts. The sixty interaction coefficients developed from the balance calibration were incorporated into this data reduction. The following equations, obtained from Mr.

David Backs at the NASA AMES Reseasrch Center, were used to correct for the interaction of the balance components.

These equation were written for each component and placed in an iterative loop that checked the difference between the two prime values. After the forces were corrected for component interaction, a weight tare equation was used to correct for the weight of the model

B. ANALYSIS OF DATA

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The main file of the interactive programs, Figure A.9, controlled the data recording, data reduction and data analysis with a menu format. For data analysis, the stored converted data readings were used to calculate the lift and drag coefficients and equivalent flat plate area for each angle of attack. Files were created for coefficient of lift versus angle of attack, coefficient of drag versus coefficient of lift, coefficient of drag versus coefficient of lift squared and equivalent flat plate area versus angle of attack. There was one file of each created for each tunnel speed.

A plotting routine, Figure A.15, was included in the interactive programs to allow quick analysis of the recorded data. To aid in the analysis, up to three plots

could be shown on one graph. A delay loop was incorporated into the plotting routine to allow for the option of obtaining a hard copy of the graph by using the print screen command.

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IV. RESULTS

A. BALANCE CALIBRATION

The balance was loaded in the twelve component directions and the balance calibration program was used to produce the tables B.2 through B.13. During the balance calibration, a drift in each of the components was noted under steady state conditions. To correct for this problem it was assumed that each component had a constant drift rate. The difference between the first and last zero reading was divided by the number of data points taken. This correction factor was then applied to each data point. This method produced good correlation between different data points taken for the same load.

B. DATA COLLECTION

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Test runs were conducted to evaluate the data acquisition program. The vibrations of the model in the wind tunnel resulted in erratic fluctuations in the sense indicators of the amplifiers. To correct for this problem, the acquisition program was modified to collect one hundred samples at a rate of five hundred samples per second. The average of these one hundred samples was taken as one data point. This method produced constant readings for data points of similar conditions.

C. DATA REDUCTION AND ANALSYIS

The data reduction program was used to convert the raw test data. The interaction equations diverged instead of converging to a single value. This pointed out a problem with the interaction coefficients. Examination of the calibration tables revealed extremely large interactions between the loading of the lift component and reaction in the roll moment component. There was also noted a large interaction between the loading of the pitch moment component and reaction in the lift component.

The reduction program was modified to correct for the interactions between the lift and drag components only. The reduction program was again executed using the recorded test data. This time the interactions converged. This proved the validity of the interaction equations and confirmed the problems with the balance calibration.

A test file was created to display the plotting capabilities of the interactive programs. Figure 4.1 shows the results.

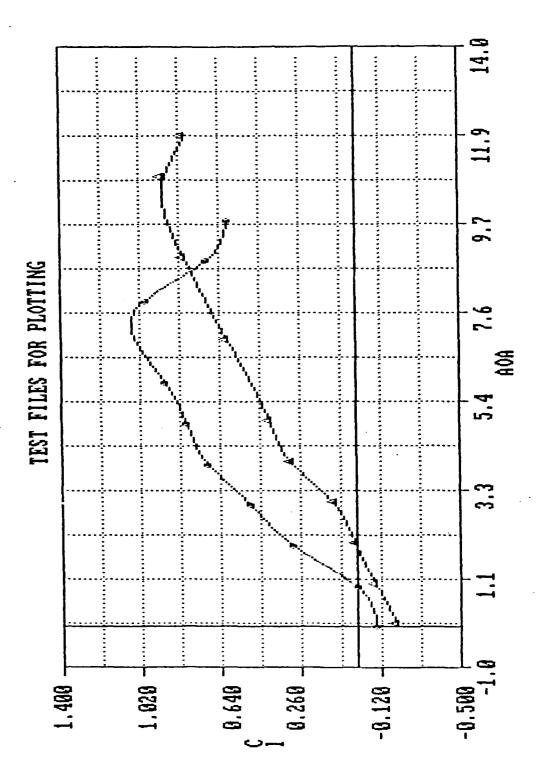


Figure 4.1 Output from Plotting Routine

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. CONCLUSIONS

The data acquisition system and programs developed were adequate for recording the forces and moments experienced in the wind tunnel. The extremely large interactions between the lift and roll moment components and between the pitch moment and lift components (see Tables B.2 - B.13) precluded any analysis of wind tunnel data. However, the data acquisition system and balance calibration program warrant further research and development of the balance system.

The interactive programs greatly reduced the workload required in the data acquisition and analysis phases. They provided a quick and easy means for the analysis of the recorded data.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following are given as recommendations to improve the calibration of the internal balance system.

1. Balance Modification

The location of the roll moment strain gage was decided to be the cause of the large interaction between the lift and roll moment component. This gage was located on the back end of the sting support system. The roll

moment component was calibrated by applying a torque to the center section of the model that was mounted to the internal balance. When the lift component was loaded, a large bending moment was felt by the roll moment gage and thus producing the large interactions.

By placing the roll moment strain gage at a forty-five degree angle on the same cut-out section as the pitch moment gage, the torque applied to the center section can be used for calibration. Also, the loading of the lift component will not greatly affect the reaction of the roll moment component.

2. Calibration Rig Modification

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By using the center section of the model to mount the calibration pans for the pitch moment component, the strains were incorrectly transmitted to the lift component. A separate calibration set-up will have to be designed that isolates the force appplied to the pitch moment component from the rest of the balance.

APPENDIX A SKETCHES AND PROGRAMS

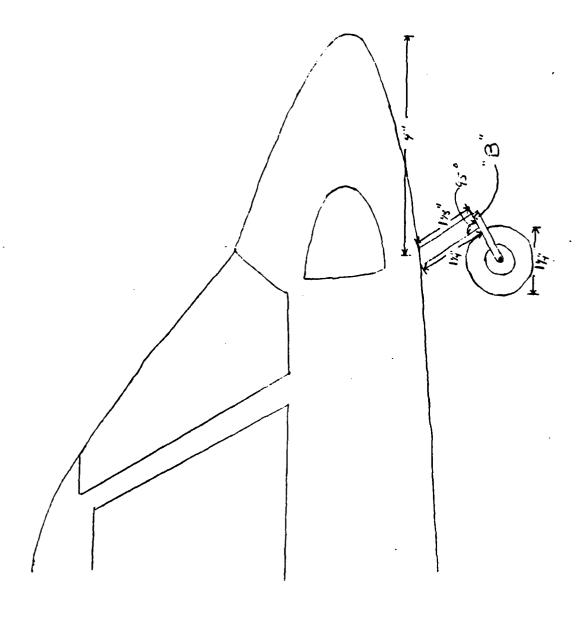


Figure A.1 Nose Gear for Smooth Nose

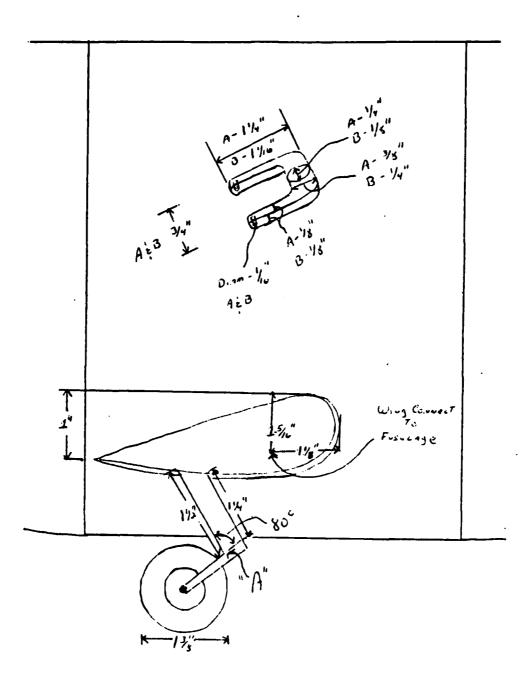
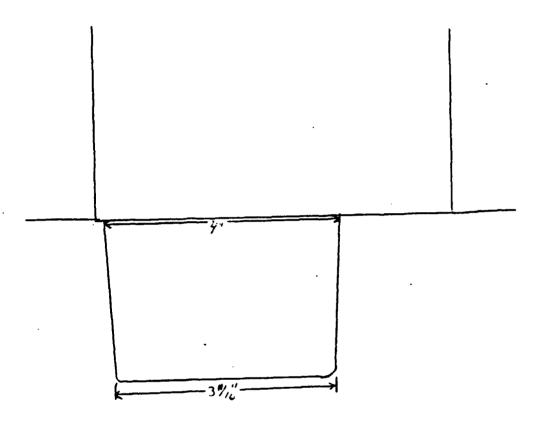


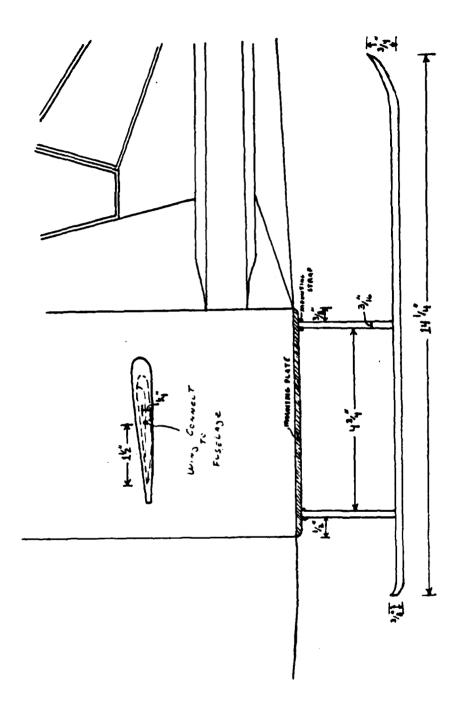
Figure A.2 Main Gear for Smooth Nose

grand besiden arresten beronanen kennanen.



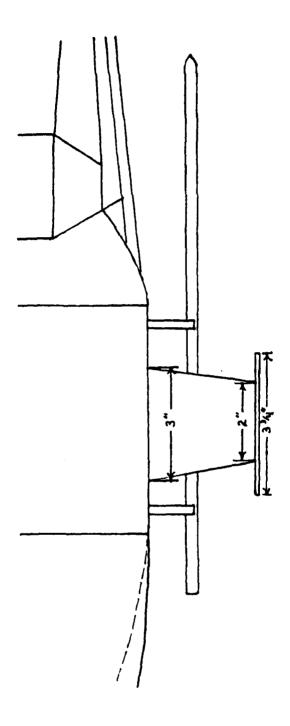
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Figure A.3 Stubwing for Smooth Nose (Top View)



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Figure A.4 Skid Gear and Wing for Attack Nose



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Figure A.5 Skid Gear for Attack Nose (Top View)

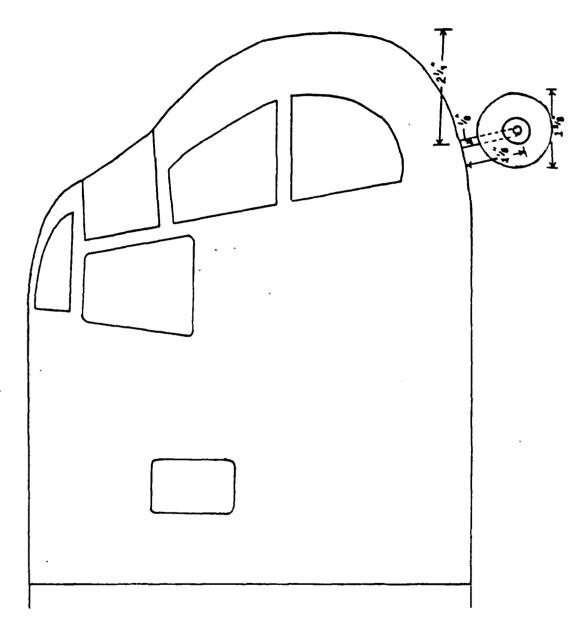


Figure A.6 Nose Gear for Blunt Nose

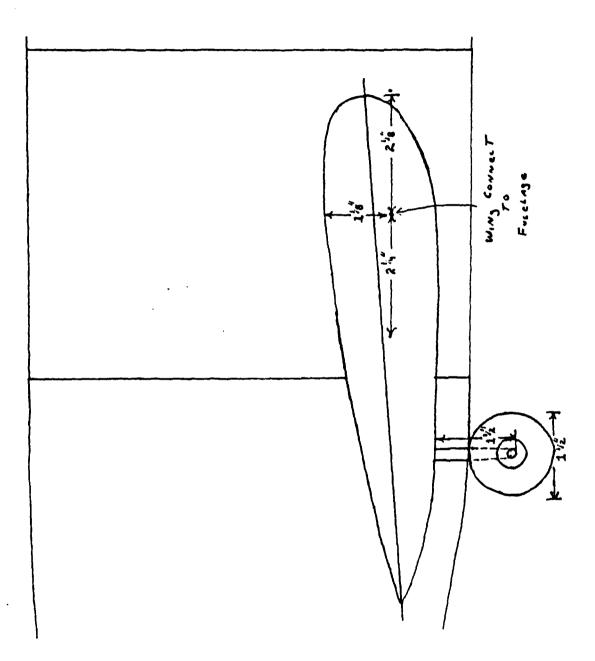


Figure A.7 Main Gear for Blunt Nose

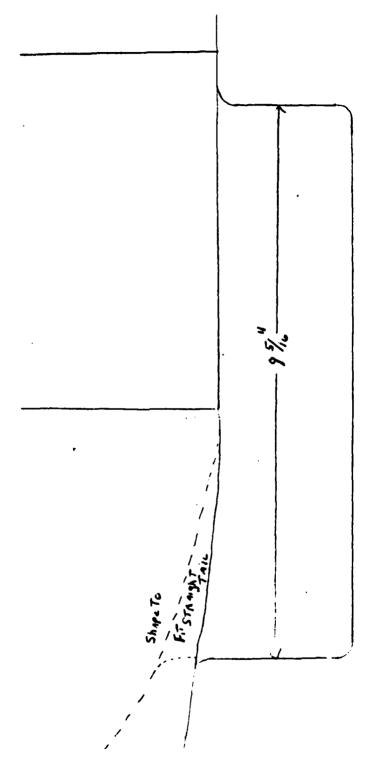


Figure A.8 Stubwing for Blunt Nose (Top View)

```
10
     REM-----MAIN.BAS (MAIN CONTROL PROGRAM) ----
                       PATRICK A. WITT
20
30
                         20 JULY 1985
40
50
     REM
280
     KEY OFF
290
     SCREEN 1
300
     COLOR 1
310
     FOR I = 1 TO 2
320
     IF I = 1 THEN FILL = 11 ELSE FILL = 12
330
     IF I = 1 THEN EDGE = 9 ELSE EDGE = 10
340
     IF I = 1 THEN X1=106: X2=0: X3=56 ELSE X1=108: X2=2:
     X3=58
350
     IF I = 1 THEN Y1=48: Y2=94: Y3=140 ELSE Y1=46: Y2=92:
     Y3 = 138
     ' "H"
360
370
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R4D12R12U12R4D30L4U12"
380
     DRAW "L12D12L4BE1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
390
     1 "E"
400
     X1 = X1 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R20D4L16D9R8D4L8D9R16D4L2
410
     OBE1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
420
     1 "L"
430
     X1 = X1 + 26
440
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1;,=Y1; U30R4D26R16D4L20BE1P=FILL;,
     =EDGE;"
450
     1 "0"
460
     X1 = X1 + 26
470
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X1; ,=Y1; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
480
     'NEXT LINE
     1 "C"
490
500
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2;U30R20D4L16D22R16D4L20BE1P=
     FILL;,=EDGE;"
     1 "0"
510
520
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
530
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     ı "N"
540
550
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
560
     lP=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     1 "F"
570
580
     X2 = X2 + 26
590
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D4L16D6R8D4L8D16L4BE1P=
     FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     ' "I"
600
610
     X2 = X2 + 26
620
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4D30L4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
630
     1 "G"
```

Figure A. 9 MAIN.BAS - Main Controlling Program

```
X2 = X2 + 14
640
650
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2; ,=Y2; U3 OR2 OD4 L16 D22 R12 U4 L4 U4 R8"
     DRAW "D12L2OBE1P=FILL; , =EDGE;"
660
     ı uUu
670
680
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4D26R12U26R4D30L20BE1P=
690
     FILL; ,=EDGE;"
700
     I "R"
710
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D15L12F15L4H15D15L4BU1
720
730
     DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
740
     I "A"
750
     X2 = X2 + 30
760
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
     4U7"
770
     DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     ı nTı
780
790
     X2 = X2 + 26
800
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; BU26U4R20D4L8D26L4U26L8BE1P=
     FILL; , = EDGE; "
     ' "I"
810
820
     X2 = X2 + 26
830
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U3OR4D3OL4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
840
     1 "0"
850
     X2 = X2 + 14
860
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R20D30L20BR4BU4U22R12D22L
     12BG1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     ı "N"
870
880
     X2 = X2 + 26
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X2;,=Y2; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
890
     lP=FILL;,=EDGE;"
900
     'NEW LINE
     ' "A"
910
920
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
930
     DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
940
     ı "N"
950
     X3 = X3 + 26
960
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4F12U12R4D30L4H12D12L4BE
     lP=FILL; ,=EDGE;"
     ' "A"
970
980
     X3 = X3 + 26
990
     DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R20D30L4U15L12D15L4BU19BR
     4U7"
1000 DRAW "R12D7L12BL1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
1010 ' "L"
1020 X3 = X3 + 26
1030 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4D26R16D4L20BE1P=FILL;,=
     EDGE:"
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
1040 ' "Y"
1050 X3 = X3 + 26
1060 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU30BL1R5F9R4E9R5G14D16L4"
1070 DRAW "U16H14BR2BD1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
1080 ' "S"
1090 X3 = X3 + 40
1100 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU1U2E2R16H19U4E2R20F2D2G2"
1110 DRAW "L16F19D4G2L2OH2BR2BU1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
1120 ' "I"
1130 X3 = X3 + 32
1140 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; U30R4D30L4BE1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
1150 ' "S"
1160 X3 = X3 + 14
1170 DRAW "C=EDGE; BM=X3;,=Y3; BU1U2E2R16H19U4E2R20F2D2G2"
1180 DRAW "L16F19D4G2L20H2BR2BU1P=FILL;,=EDGE;"
1190 NEXT I
1200 LOCATE 22,4
1210 INPUT "WOULD YOU LIKE INSTRUCTIONS (Y/N)"; Z$
1220 IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 1240
1230 GOTO 2000
1240 SCREEN O
1250 WIDTH 80
1260 COLOR 15,1
1270 CLS
1280 PRINT
1290 PRINT TAB(15) "THIS
                        IS A MENU DRIVEN PROGRAM THAT
     WILL ALLOW YOU TO"
1300 PRINT TAB(10) "EVALUATE DIFFERENT HELICOPTER CONFIGU
     RATIONS AND DETERMINE"
1310 PRINT TAB(10) "THEIR LIFT AND DRAG COEFFICIENTS AND
     THEIR EQUIVALENT FLAT"
1320 PRINT TAB(10) "PLATE AREA. THE DATA GENERATED DURING
     THE TUNNEL RUNS WILL"
1330 PRINT TAB(10) "BE USED WITH THIS PROGRAM."
1340 PRINT TAB(15) "THE FIRST OPTION
                                           USED TO RECORD
     THE DATA DURING"
1350 PRINT TAB(10) "THE TUNNEL RUNS.
                                      THE SECOND
                                                   OPTION
               THE RECORDED"
     CONVERTS
1360 PRINT TAB(10) "RAW COUNTS TO FORCES AND MOMENTS.
                                                        YOU
     WILL HAVE THE CHANCE"
1370 PRINT TAB(10) "TO PROVIDE NAMES FOR EACH OF THESE
     FILES AS YOU GO ALONG."
1380 PRINT TAB(10) "THE THIRD OPTION LETS YOU EXAMINE THE
     FORCES RECORDED. IT"
1390 PRINT TAB(10) "WILL BE OF NO USE TO YOU TO EXAMINE THE
     RAW COUNTS."
1400 PRINT TAB(15) "THE FOURTH OPTION USES THE CONVERTED
     DATA TO COMPUTE"
1410 PRINT TAB(10) "THE DESIRED PARAMETERS. THE DATA
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

MUST BE CONVERTED USING"

- 1420 PRINT TAB(10) "OPTION TWO BEFORE THE PARAMETERS CAN BE CALCULATED. YOU WILL"
- 1430 PRINT TAB(10) "THEN PROVIDE A NAME FOR THE FILES THAT STORE THE CALCULATED"
- 1440 PRINT TAB(10) "PARAMETERS. USING THESE FILE NAMES, THE FIFTH OPTION LETS"
- 1450 PRINT TAB(10) "YOU EXAMINE THE DATA THAT CAN BE PLOTTED."
- 1455 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
- 1456 CLS
- 1460 PRINT TAB(15) "OPTION SIX MUST BE USED TO SORT THE X VALUES BEFORE"
- 1470 PRINT TAB(10) "THEY CAN BE PLOTTED. THE SEVENTH OPTION LETS YOU ADD A GRID"
- 1480 PRINT TAB(10) "TO THE PLOT AND ALSO MARK THE DATA POINTS. THE PLOTTING IS"
- 1490 PRINT TAB(10) "IS EXECUTED WITH THE EIGHTH OPTION. YOU CAN PLOT UP TO"
- 1500 PRINT TAB(10) "THREE CURVES PER PLOT AND RECEIVE A HARD COPY BY PRESSING"
- 1510 PRINT TAB(10) "THE CTRL-PRTSC BUTTONS. THE FINAL OPTION TERMINATES THIS"
- 1520 PRINT TAB(10) "PROGRAM."
- 1530 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
- 2000 '-----PLOTTER SET-UP-----
- 2010 SCREEN 0: WIDTH 80: COLOR 14,0,7: CLS: LOCATE 10,1
- 2020 PRINT "WHICH DISK DRIVE DO YOU WANT TO STORE YOUR DATA FILES ON";
- 2030 PRINT
- 2040 PRINT "DRIVE A IS EITHER ON YOUR LEFT OR ON TOP"
- 2050 PRINT "DRIVE B IS EITHER ON YOUR RIGHT OR ON THE BOTTOM"
- 2070 PRINT
- 2080 INPUT "ENTER [A OR B]"; FD\$: FD\$=FD\$+":" : PD\$="C:"
- 2090 GRD\$="NO GRID": MRK\$="MARK
- 2100 OPTS="CURVE"
- 2110 GOSUB 2230
- 2120 GOSUB 2400
- 2130 X%=5+DX%: Y%=12: LOCATE X%,Y%,1,0,7
- 2140 FIRST%=5: LAST%=13
- 2150 ANS\$=INKEY\$: IF ANS\$="" THEN 2150
- 2160 IF ANS\$=CHR\$(0)+CHR\$(80) THEN IF X\$<LAST\$ THEN X\$= X\$+1 ELSE X\$=FIRST\$
- 2170 IF ANS\$=CHR\$(0)+CHR\$(72) THEN IF X*>FIRST* THEN X*= X*-1 ELSE X*=LAST*
- 2180 LOCATE X%, Y%: IF ANS\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 2150
- 2190 FLAG1%=CSRLIN: FLAG1%=FLAG1%-4
- 2200 ON FLAG1% GOSUB 3120,2740,2630,2800,2680,3170,2870, 3550,3680
- 2210 IF FLAG1%<>1 THEN GOTO 2120 ELSE GOTO 2130

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
2220 '----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS-----
2230 DIM X(300),B(300),C(300),D(300),Y(300)
. 2240 DIM FILESTK$(10)
2250 OUT 985,6
2260 SX%=5: SY%=55
2270 M$="COMMAND :"
2280 BLANK$="
2290 B$="
2300 SCREEN 0,1: CLS
2310 HDPOS%=48
2320 KEY(1) ON: ON KEY (1) GOSUB 2350
2340 '-----CHANGE FOREGROUND COLORS-----
2350 FG%=FG%+1
2360 IF FG%>15 THEN FG%=1
2370 OUT 985,FG%
2380 RETURN
2390 '----PRINT MAIN OPTION MENU-----
2400 SCREEN 0,1: COLOR 14,0,7: CLS: LOCATE 3,1
2410 PRINT TAB(5) "*******
                             MAIN OPTIONS MENU
2420 PRINT
2430 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          RECORD TUNNNEL DATA
            ± II
2440 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          _ REDUCE RAW TUNNEL DATA
            *11
2450 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                           EXAMINE DATA FILE FOR TUNNEL
      DATA
2460 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          CALCULATE Cd, Cl, AND E.F.P.A.
            * II
2470 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          EXAMINE DATA FILE FOR PLOTTI
     NG
           * 11
2480 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          SORT X VALUES
            # !!
2490 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          PLOTTING OPTION MENU
            # 11
2500 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                          DO PLOTTING
            * 11
2510 PRINT TAB(5) "*
                            EXIT
2520 PRINT
2530 PRINT TAB(5) "**********************
     *****
2540 LOCATE 3,65,1: PRINT "STATUS"
2550 LOCATE 4,55 : PRINT "-----"
2560 LOCATE SX%, SY% : PRINT "DATA FILE DRIVE = "+FD$
2570 LOCATE SX%+2,SY% : PRINT "USER OPTIONS
2580 LOCATE SX%+3,SY% : PRINT OPT$
2590 LOCATE SX%+4,SY% : PRINT GRD$
2600 LOCATE SX%+5,SY% : PRINT MRKS
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
2610 RETURN
2620 '---DATA EDITOR FOR TUNNEL DATA-
2630 CHAINFILES = PD$+"ADATA.BAS"
2640 DX%=2
2650 COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
2660 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
2670 RETURN
2680 '---DATA EDITOR FOR PLOTTING DATA-----
2690 CHAINFILE$ = PD$+"BDATA.BAS"
2700 DX%=5
2710 COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
2720 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
2730 RETURN
2740 '----DATA REDUCTION-----
2750 CHAINFILES = PD$+"RED.BAS"
2760 DX%=3
2770 COMMON PD$,FD$,DX%
2780 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
2790 RETURN
2800 '----CALCULATE ROUTINE----
2810 CHAINFILE$ = PD$ + "COMP.BAS"
2820 DX%=4
2830 COMMON PD$,FD$,DX%
2840 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
2850 REUTRN
2860 '---PLOTTING OPTION MENU----
    CLS: SCREEN 0,1: LOCATE 6,1
2880 PRINT TAB(20) "****** PLOTTING OPTION MENU
     ***
2890 PRINT
2900 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                                          MARK
                                GRID &
       + 11
2910 PRINT TAB(200 "*
                                GRID & NO MARK
2920 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                             NO GRID &
                                          MARK
       + 11
2930 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                             NO GRID & NO MARK
2940 PRINT TAB(20) "*
                             EXIT
       # 11
2950 PRINT
2960 PRINT TAB(20) "***********************
     ***
2970 X%=8: Y%=27: LOCATE X%,Y%,1,0,7
2980 FIRST%=8: LAST%=12
2990 ANS$=INKEY$: IF ANS$="" THEN 2990
3000 IF ANS=CHR$(0)+CHR$(80) THEN IF X$<LAST$ THEN X$=
     X%+1 ELSE X%=FIRST%
3010 IF ANS$=CHR$(0)+CHR$(72) THEN IF X*>FIRST* THEN X*=
     X%+1 ELSE X%⇒LAST%
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
3020 LOCATE X%, Y%: IF ANS$<>CHR$(13) THEN 2990
3030 FLAG%=CSRLIN: FLAG%=FLAG%-7
3040 ON FLAG% GOSUB 3070,3080,3090,3100,3110
3050 DX%=7
3060 RETURN
                  ": MRK$="MARK
                                  ": RETURN
3070 GRDS="GRID
                 ": MRK$="NO MARK" : RETURN
3080 GRD$="GRID
3090 GRD$="NO GRID": MRK$="MARK ": RETURN
3100 GRD$="NO GRID": MRK$="NO MARK" : RETURN
3110 RETURN
3120 '----RECORD TUNNEL DATA----
3130 CHAINFILES = PD$ + "RUNS.BAS"
3140 DX%=1
3145 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
3150 CHAIN CHAINFILE$
3155 RETURN
3160 '----SORTING-----
3170 CLS: INPUT "ENTER NAME OF FILE TO BE SORTED"; FILES:
     FILES=FDS+FILES
3180 PRINT "READING FILE "+FILE$+"...": BEEP
3190 GOSUB 3370
3200 PRINT "SORTING"
3210 L%=2: K%=NOD%-1: R%=NOD%
3220 WHILE (L%<=R%)
       FOR J%=R% TO L% STEP -1
3230
         IF (X(J^{2}-1)>X(J^{2})) THEN SWAP X(J^{2}),X(J^{2}-1): SWAP
3240
     Y(J^{2}), Y(J^{2}-1): K^{2}=J^{2}
3250
         NEXT
3260
       L%=K%-1
      FOR J% = L% TO R%
3270
         IF (X(J^{2}-1)>X(J^{2})) THEN SWAP X(J^{2}), X(J^{2}-1): SWAP
     Y(J^{2}), Y(J^{2}-1): K^{2}=J^{2}
3290
         NEXT
3300
       R%=K%+1
        WEND
3310
3320 CLS:BEEP
3330 PRINT "SORTED FILE "; FILES; " BEING SAVED ...": GOSUB
      3460
 3340 DX%=6
 3350 RETURN
 3360 '----READING A FILE----
 3370 OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
 3380 INPUT #2, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
 3390 INPUT #2,Q
       FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
 3400
            INPUT #2,Y(J),X(J)
 3410
 3420
            NEXT
 3430 CLOSE #2
 3440 RETURN
 3450 '----SAVE A FILE----
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
3460 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
3470 WRITE #1, NOD*, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
3480 WRITE #1,Q
       FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
3490
           WRITE \#1,Y(J),X(J)
3500
3510
           NEXT
3520 CLOSE #1
3530 RETURN
3540 '----INITIALIZING PLOTTER-----
3550 CLS: INPUT "NUMBER OF DATA FILE(S) TO BE PLOTTED ON
     THE SAME PLOT ="; NOF%
3560 PRINT "ENTER FILE NAME (S) :":BEEP
3570 FOR I% = 1 TO NOF%
       PRINT "FILE #";:PRINT USING "##"; I%; : INPUT " =";
3580
     FILE$
3590
       FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
3500
       FILESTK$(I%) = FILE$
3601
       PRINT "HOW DO YOU WANT THIS CURVE PLOTTED ? ENTER
      (POINT) TO JUST PLOT"
       INPUT "THE POINTS OR (CURVE) TO PRODUCE A CURVE
3602
       FIT"; OPT$
3610
       CURVE\$(I\$) = OPT\$
3620
       NEXT
3630 PFILE$ = PD$+"MAIN.BAS": FILE2$= PD$ + "PLOTTER.BAS"
3640 \text{ SL}\% = 100
3650 CHAIN FILE2$,30,ALL
3660 DX%=8
3670 RETURN
3680 CLS:
3690 LOCATE 10,5: PRINT "PROGRAM TERMINATED, REMOVE DATA
     FILES FROM DISK DRIVE"
3700 LOCATE 11,5: PRINT "AND SECURE COPMUTER AND AMPLIFIE
      S"
3710 END
```

Figure A.9 MAIN.BAS (cont.)

```
Data Acquisition And Control (DAAC)
10 'NAME:
20 '
           HEADER for BASICA
30 '
40 'FILE NAME:
                DACHDR. BAS
50 '
60 'DOS DEVICE NAME:
                       DAAC
70 '
80 'RESERVED FUNCTION NAMES:
              AINM, AINS, AINSC, AOUM, AOUS,
90 '
               BINM, BINS, BITINS, BITOUS, BOUM, BOUS,
100 '
                CINM, CINS, CSET, DELAY
110 '
120 'RESERVED DEF SEG VALUE NAME:
130 '
140 'NAMES DEFINED AND USED BY HEADER:
150 '
                ADAPT%, AI, COUNT, FOUND%,
160 '
               HNAME$, SG%, STAT%
170
180
190 'When using the BASICA Interpreter, this header
200 'must be executed before any function calls are
210 'made that access the DAAC adapter.
                                           It initializes
220 'a number of variables for each function call.
230 'variables are reserved and should not be used except
240 'to access the DAAC adapter. This routine also does a
250 'DEF SEG to the segment where the DAAC Device Driver
260 '(DAC.COM) is loaded. If you execute a DEF SEG to
270 'access other hardware, you must DEF SEG to the segment
280 'of the DAAC Device Driver before any subsequent
290 'calls to access the DAAC adapter.
300 '
310
320 \text{ FOUND} = 0
330 \text{ SG}\% = \&\text{H2E}
340 'Start searching the interrupt vectors until you find
350 'one that points to the DAAC device driver.
360 'Do a DEF SEG to that segment.
370 WHILE ((SG% \leq &H3E) AND (FOUND% = 0))
380
           DEF SEG = 0
390
           DSEG = PEEK(SG\$) + PEEK(SG\$ + 1) * 256
400
           DEF SEG = DSEG
           HNAME$=""
410
420
           FOR AI=10 TO 17
430
                   HNAME$ = HNAME$ + CHR$(PEEK(AI))
440
           NEXT AI
450
           IF HNAMES = "DAAC
                                 " AND PEEK(18) + PEEK(19) <>
           0 THEN FOUND% = 1
460
           SG% = SG% + 4
470 WEND
480 IF FOUND% = 0 THEN PRINT "ERROR: DEVICE DRIVER DAC.COM
    NOT FOUND" : END
```

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Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS - Data Acquisition Program

```
490 'Now initialize all function name variables for calls
500 'to access the device driver.
                = PEEK(&H13) * 256 + PEEK(&H12)
510 AINM
                = PEEK(&H15) * 256 + PEEK(&H14)
520 AINS
                = PEEK(\&H17) * 256 + PEEK(\&H16)
530 AINSC
                = PEEK(&H19) * 256 + PEEK(&H18)
540 AOUM
                = PEEK(&H1B) * 256 + PEEK(&H1A)
550 AOUS
                = PEEK(&HlD) * 256 + PEEK(&HlC)
560 BINM
                = PEEK(&H1F) * 256 + PEEK(&H1E)
570 BINS
                = PEEK(&H21) * 256 + PEEK(&H20)
580 BITINS
                = PEEK(\&H23) * 256 + PEEK(\&H22)
590 BITOUS
                = PEEK(&H25) * 256 + PEEK(&H24)
600 BOUM
                = PEEK(\&H27) * 256 + PEEK(\&H26)
610 BOUS
                = PEEK(&H29) * 256 + PEEK(&H28)
620 CINM
                = PEEK(\&H2B) + 256 + PEEK(\&H2A)
630 CINS
                \Rightarrow PEEK(&H2D) * 256 + PEEK(&H2C)
640 CSET
                = PEEK(&H2F) * 256 + PEEK(&H2E)
650 DELAY
660 'Finally, execute any call to re-initialize the
670 'device driver from any former invocation of BASIC.
680 \text{ ADAPT} = 0
690 \text{ COUNT} = 1
700 \text{ STAT} \approx 0
710 CALL DELAY (ADAPT%, COUNT, STAT%)
720 '
730 'End of DAAC BASICA Header
740 '
750
       REM-- RUNS.BAS; PROGRAM TO RECORD THE DATA FROM
    WIND
760
       REM-- TUNNEL RUNS
770
       KEY OFF: COLOR 15,1,4: CLS
780
       CLS
790
       PRINT: PRINT
       PRINT TAB(10) "HELO CONFIGURATIONS"
800
810
      PRINT: PRINT
820
      PRINT TAB(5) "1.
                        ATTACK NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"
      PRINT TAB(5) "2.
830
                         ATTACK NOSE, LOW TAIL"
                   "3.
                         ATTACK NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
      PRINT TAB(5)
840
                   "4.
850
      PRINT TAB(5)
                        SMOOTH NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"
860
      PRINT TAB(5) "5.
                        SMOOTH NOSE, LOW TAIL"
      PRINT TAB(5) "6.
870
                        SMOOTH NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
      PRINT TAB(5) "7. BLUNT NOSE, STRAIGHT TAIL"
880
      PRINT TAB(5) "8. BLUNT NOSE, LOW TAIL"
890
      PRINT TAB(5) "9. BLUNT NOSE, HIGH TAIL"
900
910
      PRINT: PRINT
920
      INPUT "WHICH CONFIGURATION IS BEING RUN"; N
930
      PRINT
940
       INPUT "DOES CONFIGURATION INCLUDE LANDING GEAR"; Z$
       ON N GOSUB 4550,4620,4690,4750,4820,4870,4920,4990,
955
                 WEIGHTS ARE IN POUNDS-----
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
IF CONF = 10
                     THEN W = 22.7892
960
970
      IF CONF = 15
                     THEN W = 23.4623
                      THEN W = 24.6945
980
      IF CONF = 20
990
      IF CONF = 25
                      THEN W = 25.3676
       IF CONF = 30
                       THEN W = 24.6945
1000
                       THEN W = 25.3676
       IF CONF = 35
1010
       IF CONF = 40
                       THEN W = 20.8134
1020
       IF CONF = 45
                       THEN W = 21.5866
1030
       IF CONF = 50
                       THEN W = 22.7187
1040
       IF CONF = 55
                       THEN W = 23.4913
1050
1060
                       THEN W = 22.7187
       IF CONF = 60
                       THEN W = 23.4913
       IF CONF = 65
1070
                       THEN W = 21.3315
1080
       IF CONF = 70
       IF CONF = 75
                       THEN W = 23.2892
1090
       IF CONF = 80
                       THEN W = 23.2368
1100
1110
       IF CONF = 85
                       THEN W = 25.1945
1120
       IF CONF = 90
                       THEN W = 23.2368
                       THEN W = 25.1945
1130
       IF CONF = 95
1140
       CLS
       REM----RECORD TUNNEL DATA-----
1150
1160 DIM L(100),D(100),Y(100),PM(100),YM(100),RM(100),AOA(
      100)
1170 DIM DAT(399), DAT%(399), DAT1(399), DAT1%(399)
1180 COLOR 15,1: KEY OFF: CLS
1190 PRINT "RECORDING OF WIND TUNNEL RAW DATA"
1200 INPUT "WHAT IS THE TUNNEL SPEED (Q) FOR THIS RUN";Q
1210 PRINT
2670 PRINT "WITHOUT THE MODEL IN PLACE, ADJUST THE ZERO
      SET SCREWS TO ZERO"
2671 PRINT "OUT EACH AMPLIFIER. AFTER ALL AMPLIFIERS ARE
      ZEROED, LOAD THE"
2672 PRINT "MODEL ONTO THE STING. WHEN THE MODEL IS
     MOUNTED, PRESS RETURN"
2673 INPUT "TO RECORD A NO FORCE ZERO READING"; N
                                                             ZYM
2690 PRINT: PRINT "
                                ZL
              ZAOA"
      ZRM
2700 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
2710 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
2720 CALL AINSC (ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
2730 \text{ ZD} = 0:\text{ZPM=0}:\text{ZL=0}:\text{ZYM=0}
2740 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
2750 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
2760 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) - 10
2770 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD} + \text{DAT}(J)
2780 NEXT J
2790 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD}/100
2800 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
2810 DAT(J) = (DAT^{(3)}/204.8) -10
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
2820 ZL = ZL + DAT(J)
2830 NEXT J
2840 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
2850 DAT(J) = (DAT^{(J)}/204.8) - 10
2860 \text{ ZPM} = \text{ZPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
2870 NEXT J
2880 FOR J = 3 TO 399 STEP 4
2890 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) -10
2900 \text{ ZYM} = \text{ZYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
2910 NEXT J
2920 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
2930 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
2940 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
2950 ZY =0:ZRM=0:ZAOA=0
2960 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
     STAT%: END
2970 FOR J = 0 TO 297 STEP 3
2980 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
2990 \ ZRM = ZRM + DAT1(J)
3000 NEXT J
3010 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM}/100
3020 FOR J = 1 TO 298 STEP 3
3030 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3040 \text{ ZY} = \text{ZY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
3050 NEXT J
3051 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
3052 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3053 \text{ ZAOA} = \text{ZAOA} + \text{DAT1}(J)
3054 NEXT J
3060 ZL=ZL/100:ZPM=ZPM/100:ZYM=ZYM/100:ZY=ZY/100:ZAOA=ZAOA
3070 LOCATE 11,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZD: LOCATE 11,10:
      PRINT USING "+#.###";ZL
3080 LOCATE 11,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";2Y
3090 LOCATE 11,28: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZPM
3100 LOCATE 11,37: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZYM
3110 LOCATE 11,46: PRINT USING "+#.##";2RM
3111 LOCATE 11,55: PRINT USING "+#.##"; ZAOA
3120 REM
3130 PRINT: PRINT
3140 INPUT "AFTER PLACING ALL CAL SWITCHES TO + SETTING HIT
     RETURN"; X
3150 PRINT
3160 PRINT " CALD
                                 CALY
                         CLL
                                           CALPM
                                                      CALYM
                CALAOA"
3170 STAT%=0:
                MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
3180 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
3190 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
```

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Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
3200 CALD=0:CLL=0:CALYM=0:CALPM=0
3210 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###"
      ;STAT%: END
3220 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP 4}
3230 DAT(J)=(DAT(J)/204.8)-10
3240 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD} + \text{DAT}(J)
3250 NEXT J
3260 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD}/100
3270 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP } 4
3280 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) -10
3290 \text{ CLL} = \text{CLL} + \text{DAT}(J)
3300 NEXT J
3310 FOR J = 2 TO 398 STEP 4
3320 DAT(J) = (DAT^{(J)}/204.8) - 10
3330 \text{ CALPM} = \text{CALPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
3340 NEXT J
3350 FOR J = 3 TO 399 STEP 4
3360 DAT(J)=(DAT(J)/204.8)-10
3370 \text{ CALYM} = \text{CALYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
3380 NEXT J
3390 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
3400 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
3410 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
3420 CALY =0:CALRM=0:CALAOA=0
3430 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
3440 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 297 \text{ STEP } 3
3450 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
3460 CALRM = CALRM + DAT1(J)
3470 NEXT J
3480 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM}/100
3490 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 298 \text{ STEP } 3
3500 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3510 \text{ CALY} = \text{CALY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
3520 NEXT J
3521 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
3522 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
3523 CALAOA = CALAOA + DAT1(J)
3524 NEXT J
3530 CLL=CLL/100:CALPM=CALPM/100:CALYM=CALYM/100:CALY=CALY
      /100:CALAOA=CALAOA/100
3540 LOCATE 18,1: PRINT USING "+#.##"; CALD
3550 LOCATE 18,10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CLL
3560 LOCATE 18,19: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALY
3570 LOCATE 18,28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALPM
3580 LOCATE 18,37: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALYM
3590 LOCATE 18,46: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALRM
3591 LOCATE 18,55: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALAOA
3592 INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
3593 CLS
3600 PRINT: PRINT "REPLACE THE CAL SWITCHES TO THE CENTER
     POSITION"
3610 PRINT "AFTER YOU HAVE GOTTEN THE WIND TUNNEL UP TO
     SPEED AND ARE READY"
3620 PRINT "TO RECORD DATA PRESS RETURN.
                                            ONCE THE HEADINGS
     ARE PRINTED THE"
3630 PRINT "F2 KEY WILL RECORD THE DATA.
                                          THE F1 KEY WILL
     SAVE THE DATA AND "
3640 PRINT "RERUN YOU TO THE MAIN MENU. YOU CAN TAKE READ
     INGS FOR ANY ANGLE"
3650 PRINT "OF ATTACK BETWEEN +10 AND -8 DEGREES."
3651 PRINT
3652 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM CORRECTS FOR DRIFT IN THE BALANCE
     AND AMPLIFIERS."
3653 PRINT "YOUR FIRST AND LAST DATA POINTS SHOULD BE TAKEN
     AT ZERO ANGLE OF"
3654 PRINT "ATTACK.
                     ALSO, DO NOT TAKE MORE THAN ONE DATA
     POINT FOR THE SAME "
3655 PRINT "ANGLE OF ATTACK EXCEPT FOR YOUR FIRST AND LAST
     DATA POINT.
                  YOU"
3656 PRINT "ARE LIMITED TO 100 DATA POINTS. REMEMBER, EACH
     RUN IS FOR ONE"
3657 PRINT "SPECIFIC 'Q' SETTING"
3660 INPUT "PRESS RETURN TO CONTINUE"; N
3670 CLS
3680
     PRINT " DRAG
                        LIFT
                                 YAW
                                           PITCH
                                                     YAW
      ROLL
                AOA
                          TUNNEL"
3690
     PRINT "
                                            MOM.
                                                   · MOM.
      MOM.
                          SPEED"
3700 \text{ SOAP} = 0: N=4
3710 FOR K = 1 TO 100
3720 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 3820
                               'SET STOP FLAG
3730 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 3850
                               'RECORD DATA
3740 KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
3750 IF SOAP = 2 THEN GOTO 3780
3760 \text{ IF SOAP} = 1 \text{ THEN GOTO } 4370
3770 GOTO 3720
3780 SOAP = 0
3790 \text{ NOD} = K
3800 NEXT K
3810 GOTO 4370
3820 REM SET STOP FLAG
3830 \text{ SOAP} = 1
3840 RETURN
3850 REM STEPS TO RECORD DATA
3860 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)

3870 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
3880 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%

```
3890 D(K)=0:L(K)=0:YM(K)=0:PM(K)=0
3900 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
3910 FOR J = 0 TO 396 STEP 4
3920 DAT(J) = (DAT^{2}(J)/204.8) - 10
3930 D(K) = D(K) + DAT(J)
3940 NEXT J
3950 D(K) = D(K)/100
3960 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP 4}
3970 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8)-10
3980 L(K) = L(K) + DAT(J)
3990 NEXT J
4000 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
4010 DAT(J)=(DAT(J)/204.8)-10
4020 \text{ PM}(K) = \text{PM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
4030 NEXT J
4040 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
4041 DAT(J) = (DAT^{2}(J)/204.8) -10
4050 \text{ YM}(K) = \text{YM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
4060 NEXT J
4070 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
4080 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=2
4090 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
4100 Y(K) =0:RM(K)=0: AOA(K)=0
4110 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
4120 FOR J = 0 TO 297 STEP 3
4130 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
4140 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K) + \text{DAT1}(J)
4150 NEXT J
4160 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K)/100
4170 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 298 \text{ STEP } 3
4180 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
4190 Y(K) = Y(K) + DAT1(J)
4200 NEXT J
4210 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 299 \text{ STEP } 3
4220 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
4230 \text{ AOA}(K) = \text{AOA}(K) + \text{DAT1}(J)
4240 NEXT J
4250 \text{ AOA}(K) = AOA(K)/100:L(K)=L(K)/100:PM(K)=PM(K)/100:YM(K)
      =YM(K)/100:Y(K)=Y(K)/100
4255 B = AOA(K) - ZAOA
4256 \text{ AOA}(K) = (5.8469*B) + (.0077583*(B^2))
4260 IF N> 23 THEN N=4:CLS:PRINT " DRAG
                                                     LIFT
                                                                 YAW
      PITCH
                                                    TUNNEL": PRINT "
                  YAW
                            ROLL
                                       AOA
                                                              SPEED"
                 MOM.
                             MOM.
                                       MOM.
4270 LOCATE N,1: PRINT USING "+#.###";D(K)
4280 LOCATE N,10: PRINT USING "+#.###";L(K)
4290 LOCATE N,19: PRINT USING "+#.###";Y(K)
```

```
4300 LOCATE N, 28: PRINT USING "+#.##"; PM(K)
4310 LOCATE N,37: PRINT USING "+#.##";YM(K)
4320 LOCATE N,46: PRINT USING "+#.##";RM(K)
4330 LOCATE N,55: PRINT USING "+#.###"; AOA(K)
4340 N=N+1
4350 \text{ SOAP} = 2
4360 RETURN
4370 \text{ SOAP} = 0
4371 '---CORRECT FOR DRIFT-----
4372 DIFFL =(L(NOD*)-L(1)): DIFFD=(D(NOD*)-D(1)):DIFFY=(Y(
     NOD) - Y(1))
4373 DIFFPM=(PM(NOD%)-PM(1)):DIFFYM=(YM(NOD%)-YM(1)):DIFFR
     M=(RM(NOD^*)-RM(1)):DIFFAOA=(AOA(NOD^*)-AOA(1))
4374 D=NOD%-1
4375 CORL=DIFFL/D:CORD=DIFFD/D:CORY=DIFFY/D:CORPM=DIFFPM/D
     :CORYM=DIFFYM/D:CORRM=DIFFRM/D:CORAOA=DIFFAOA/D
4376 A=1
4377 FOR K = 2 TO NOD%
       L(K) = L(K) - (A*CORL)
4378
4379
       D(K) = D(K) - (A * CORD)
       Y(K) = Y(K) - (A * CORY)
4380
4381
       PM(K) = PM(K) - (A * CORPM)
4382
       YM(K) = YM(K) - (A*CORYM)
4383
       RM(K) = RM(K) - (A * CORRM)
4385
       A = A+1
4386 NEXT K
4387 '----SAVE DATA TO FILE----
4390 CLS: PRINT
4400 INPUT "WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE RAW
     DATA"; FILES
4410 FILE$=FD$+FILE$
4420 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
4421 WRITE #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
4430 WRITE #1,Q,W
4470 WRITE #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
4480 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
4490
        FOR J=1 TO NOD%
4500
           WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),AOA(J)
4510
4520 CLOSE #1
4521 CLS:PRINT "DO YOU WANT TO TAKE ANOTHER SET OF DATA
     POINTS FOR THE SAME"
4522 INPUT "CONFIGURATION BUT A DIFFERENT 'Q' SETTING (Y/N
     )";ANS$
4523 IF ANS$="Y" OR ANS$="Y" THEN GOTO 4524 ELSE GOTO 4530
4524 PRINT: INPUT "WHAT IS THE 'Q' VALUE FOR THIS RUN";Q
4525 GOTO 3610
4530 '---RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM
4531 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
4532 CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
4540
      REM----SUBROUTINES FOR CONFIGURATION MARKING----
      IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4590
4550
       CONF = 10
4560
4570
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4580
       GOTO 4610
4590
       CONF = 15
4600
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
       RETURN
4610
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4660
4620
4630
       CONF = 20
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4640
4650
       GOTO 4680
4660
       CONF = 25
4670
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
4680
4690
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4730
4700
       CONF = 30
4710
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4720
       GOTO 4740
4730
       CONF = 35: CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR"
4740
       RETURN
4750
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4790
4760
       CONF = 40
4770
       CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4780
       GOTO 4810
4790 \cdot CONF = 45
4800
       CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
4810
4820
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4850
4830
       CONF=50:CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4840
       GOTO 4860
4850
       CONF = 55: CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
       RETURN
4860
4870
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4900
4880
       CONF=60:CONFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4890
       GOTO 4910
4900
       CONF = 65: CINFIG$="SMOOTH NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR"
4910
       RETURN
4920
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR <math>Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 4960
4930
       CONF = 70
4940
       CONFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
4950
       GOTO 4980
4960
       CONF = 75
4970
       CINFIG$="ATTACK NOSE/STRAIGHT TAIL WITH GEAR"
4980
4990
       IF Z$ = "Y" OR Z$ = "y" THEN GOTO 5020
5000
       CONF = 80:CONFIG$="BLUNT NOSE/LOW TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
5010
       GOTO 5030
5020
       CONF = 85: CINFIG$="BLUNT NOSE/LOW TAIL WITH GEAR"
5030
       RETURN
```

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

5040	IF Z \$ = "Y" OR Z \$ = "Y" THEN GOTO 5070
5050	CONF=90:CONFIG\$="BLUNT NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITHOUT GEAR"
5060	GOTO 5080
5070	CONF = 95: CINFIG\$="SMOOT NOSE/HIGH TAIL WITH GEAR"
5080	RETURN

Figure A.10 RUNS.BAS (cont.)

```
10
     REM----RED.BAS
                        (CONVERT RAW COUNTS TO FORCES) ----
20
     REM
30
     REM
40
     COLOR 15,1:KEY OFF: CLS
45
     DIM L(100), L1(100), L2(100), D(100), D1(100), D2(100),
      (100),Y1(100),Y2(100)
46
     DIM PM(100), PM1(100), PM2(100), YM(100), YM1(100), YM2(10
     0),RM(100),RM1(100),RM2(100)
47
     DIM LF(100), DF(100), AOA(100)
     PRINT: PRINT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE FILE THAT CONTAINS
     THE RAW DATA"
60
     INPUT"THAT YOU WISH TO CONVERT"; FILE$
70
     FILES=FDS+FILES
80
     '----READ IN RAW DATA FILE----
     OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #1
90
100
     INPUT #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
     INPUT #1,Q,W
110
     INPUT #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
150
     INPUT #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
160
170
        FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
180
        INPUT \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),AOA(J)
190
        NEXT J
200
     CLOSE #1
210
     PRINT: PRINT"PLEASE WAIT WHILE PERFORMING CONVERSION"
211
     PRINT "THE CONVERSION WILL TAKE APPROXIMATELY TEN MIN
     UTES FOR "
212
     PRINT "TWENTY DATA POINTS"
220
     '----READ IN CALIBRATION CONSTANTS----
     OPEN "C:CONST" FOR INPUT AS #1
221
222
     INPUT #1, INCALL, INCALD, INCALY, INCALPM, INCALYM, INCALRM
240
     INPUT #1, K1LPOS, K2LPOS, K1DPOS, K2DPOS, K1YPOS, K2YPOS
     INPUT #1,K1PMPOS,K2PMPOS,K1YMPOS,K2YMPOS,K1RMPOS,
250
     K2RMPOS
     INPUT #1, K1LNEG, K2LNEG, K1DNEG, K2DNEG, K1YNEG, K2YNEG
260
270
     INPUT #1, K1PMNEG, K2PMNEG, K1YMNEG, K2YMNEG, K1RMNEG,
280
     INPUT #1,DDDL1P,DDDL2P,DYDL1P,DYDL2P,DPMDL1P,DPMDL2P,
     DYMDL1P, DYMDL2P
290
     INPUT #1,DRMDL1P,DRMDL2P
300
     INPUT #1,DLDD1P,DLDD2P,DYDD1P,DYDD2P,DPMDD1P,DPMDD2P,
     DYMDD1P, DYMDD2P
310
     INPUT #1,DRMDD1P,DRMDD2P
     INPUT #1,DLDY1P,DLDY2P,DDDY1P,DDDY2P,DPMDY1P,DPMDY2P,
320
     DYMDY1P, DYMDY2P
330
     INPUT #1,DRMDY1P,DRMDY2P
340
     INPUT #1,DLDPM1P,DLDPM2P,DDDPM1P,DDDPM2P,DYDPM1P,DYDP
     M2P, DYMDPM1P, DYMDPM2P
     INPUT #1,DRMDPM1P,DRMDPM2P
360
     INPUT #1,DLDYM1P,DLDYM2P,DDDYM1P,DDDYM2P,DYDYM1P,DYDY
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS - Data Reduction Program

M2P, DPMDYM1P, DPMDYM2P

```
370
     INPUT #1, DRMDYM1P, DRMDYM2P
380
     INPUT #1,DLDRM1P,DLDRM2P,DDDRM1P,DDDRM2P,DYDRM1P,DYDR
     M2P, DPMDRM1P, DPMDRM2P
390
     INPUT #1,DYMDRM1P,DYMDRM2P
     INPUT #1, DDDL1N, DDDL2N, DYDL1N, DYDL2N, DPMDL1N, DPMDL2N,
400
     DYMDL1N, DYMDL2N
410
     INPUT #1, DRMDL1N, DRMDL2N
420
     INPUT #1,DLDD1N,DLDD2N,DYDD1N,DYDD2N,DPMDD1N,DPMDD2N,
     DYMDD1N, DYMDD2N
430
     INPUT #1, DRMDD1N, DRMDD2N
440
     INPUT #1,DLDY1N,DLDY2N,DDDY1N,DDDY2N,DPMDY1N,DPMDY2N,
     DYMDY1N, DYMDY2N
450
     INPUT #1, DRMDY1N, DRMDY2N
460
     INPUT #1, DLDPM1N, DLDPM2N, DDDPM1N, DDDPM2N, DYDPM1N, DYDP
     M2N, DYMDPM1N
470
     INPUT #1, DYMDPM2N, DRMDPM1N, DRMDPM2N
     INPUT #1, DLDYM1N, DLDYM2N, DDDYM1N, DDDYM2N, DYDYM1N, DYDY
480
     M2N, DPMDYM1N
490
     INPUT #1, DPMDYM2N, DRMDYM1N, DRMDYM2N
500
     INPUT #1, DLDRMIN, DLDRM2N, DDDRM1N, DDDRM2N, DYDRM1N, DYDR
     M2N, DPMDRM1N
510
     INPUT #1, DPMDRM2N, DYMDRM1N, DYMDRM2N
520
     CLOSE #1
530
     '----CONVERT RAW COUNTS TO FORCES---
    FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
540
550
     A = ((INCALL/(CLL-2L))*(L(J)-2L))
560
    B = ((INCALD/(CALD-ZD))*(D(J)-ZD))
570
     C = ((INCALY/(CALY-ZY))*(Y(J)-ZY))
     D=((INCALPM/(CALPM-ZPM))*(PM(J)-ZPM))
580
590
     E=((INCALYM/(CALYM-ZYM))*(YM(J)-ZYM))
600
     F=((INCALRM/(CALRM-ZRM))*(RM(J)-ZRM))
610
         IF A <= 0 THEN K1=K1LNEG: K2=K2LNEG ELSE K1=K1LPOS
     :K2=K2LPOS
         L(J) = (K1*A) + (K2*A^2)
615
620
         IF B <= 0 THEN K1=K1DNEG: K2=K2DNEG ELSE K1=K1DPOS
     :K2=K2DPOS
625
         D(J) = (K1*B) + (K2*B^2)
630
         IF C <= 0 THEN K1=K1YNEG: K2=K2YNEG ELSE K1=K1YPOS
     :K2=K2YPOS
635
         Y(J) = (K1*C) + (K2*C^2)
640
         IF D <= 0 THEN K1=K1PMNEG: K2=K2PMNEG
                                                   ELSE K1=K1
     PMPOS: K2=K2PMPOS
645
         PM(J) = (K1*D) + (K2*D^2)
         IF E <= 0 THEN K1=K1YMNEG: K2=K2YMNEG
650
                                                   ELSE K1=K1
     YMPOS: K2=K2YMPOS
655
         YM(J) = (K1*E) + (K2*E^2)
660
         IF F <= 0 THEN K1=K1RMNEG: K2=K2RMNEG
                                                   ELSE K1=K1
     RMPOS: K2=K2RMPOS
665
         RM(J) = (K1*F) + (K2*F^2)
670
     NEXT J
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

```
680
     '----PERFORM INTERACTON CORRECTIONS----
690
     FOR K = 1 TO NOD%
695
     '-----FIRST CONSTANT DETERMINATION-----
700
       IF L(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 710 ELSE GOTO 720
710
       DD1=DDDL1P: DD6=DDDL2P: DY1=DYDL1P: DY6=DYDL2P: DPM1=DP
       MDL1P: DPM6=DPMDL2P: DYM1=DYMDL1P: DYM6=DYMDL2P: DRM1=D
       RMDL1P: DRM6=DRMDL2P
715
       GOTO 730
720
       DD1=DDDL1N: DD6=DDDL2N: DY1=DYDL1N: DY6=DYDL2N: DPM1=DP
       MDL1N: DPM6=DPMDL2N: DYM1=DYMDL1N: DYM6=DYMDL2N: DRM1=D
       RMDL1N: DRM6=DRMDL2N
730
       IF D(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 740 ELSE GOTO 750
740
       DL1=DLDD1P:DL6=DLDD2P:DY2=DYDD1P:DY7=DYDD2P:DPM2=DP
       MDD1P: DPM7=DPMDD2P: DYM2=DYMDD1P: DYM7=DYMDD2P: DRM2=D
       RMDD1P:DRM7=DRMDD2P
745
       GOTO 760
750
       DL1=DLDD1N: DL6=DLDD2N: DY2=DYDD1N: DY7=DYDD2N: DPM2=DP
       MDD1N: DPM7=DPMDD2N: DYM2=DYMDD1N: DYM7=DYMDD2N: DRM2=D
       RMDD1N: DRM7=DRMDD2N
760
       IF Y(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 770 ELSE GOTO 780
770
       DL2=DLDY1P:DL7=DLDY2P:DD2=DDDY1P:DD7=DDDY2P:DPM3=DP
       MDY1P: DPM8=DPMDY2P: DYM3=DYMDY1P: DYM8=DYMDY2P: DRM3=D
       RMDY1P: DRM8=DRMDY2P
775
       GOTO 790
780
       DL2=DLDY1N:DL7=DLDY2N:DD2=DDDY1N:DD7=DDDY2N:DPM3=DP
       MDY1N: DPM8=DPMDY2N: DYM3=DYMDY1N: DYM8=DYMDY2N: DRM3=D
       RMDY1N: DRM8=DRMDY2N
790
       IF PM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 800 ELSE GOTO 810
800
       DL3=DLDPM1P: DL8=DLDPM1P: DD3=DDDPM1P: DD8=DDDPM2P: DY3
       =DYDPM1P:DY8=DYDPM2P:DYM4=DYMDPM1P:DYM9=DYMDPM2P:DR
       M4=DRMDPM1P:DRM9=DRMDPM2P
805
       GOTO 820
810
       DL3=DLDPM1N: DL8=DLDPM1N: DD3=DDDPM1N: DD8=DDDPM2N: DY3
       =DYDPM1N: DY8=DYDPM2N: DYM4=DYMDPM1N: DYM9=DYMDPM2N: DR
       M4=DRMDPM1N:DRM9=DRMDPM2N
820
       IF YM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 830 ELSE GOTO 840
830
       DL4=DLDYM1P: DL9=DLDYM2P: DD4=DDDYM1P: DD9=DDDYM2P: DY4
       =DYDYM1P:DY9=DYDYM2P:DPM4=DPMDYM1P:DPM9=DPMDYM2P:DR
       M5=DRMDYM1P:DRM10=DRMDYM2P
835
       GOTO 850
       DL4=DLDYM1N: DL9=DLDYM2N: DD4=DDDYM1N: DD9=DDDYM2N: DY4
840
       =DYDYM1N: DY9=DYDYM2N: DPM4=DPMDYM1N: DPM9=DPMDYM2N: DR
       M5=DRMDYM1N:DRM10=DRMDYM2N
850
       IF RM(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 860 ELSE GOTO 870
860
       DL5=DLDRM1P:DL10=DLDRM2P:DD5=DDDRM1P:DD10=DDDRM2P:D
       Y5=DYDRM1P:DY10=DYDRM2P:DPM5=DPMDRM1P:DPM10=DPMDRM2
       P: DYM5=DYMDRM1P: DYM10=DYMDRM2P
865
       GOTO 880
870
       DL5=DLDRM1N: DL10=DLDRM2N: DD5=DDDRM1N: DD10=DDDRM2N: D
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

Y5=DYDRM1N: DY10=DYDRM2N: DPM5=DPMDRM1N: DPM10=DPMDRM2

```
N: DYM5=DYMDRM1N: DYM10=DYMDRM2N
880 '----FIRST INTERACTION CALCULATION---
       L1(K) = L(K) - (DL1 + D(K)) - (DL6 + (D(K)^2))
890
900
       D1(K) = D(K) - (DD1 * L(K)) - (DD6 * (D(K)^2))
950 '----SECOND CONSTANT DETERMINATION----
       IF L1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 970 ELSE GOTO 980
960
970
       DD1=DDDL1P: DD6=DDDL2P: DY1=DYDL1P: DY6=DYDL2P: DPM1=DP
       MDL1P: DPM6=DPMDL2P: DYM1=DYMDL1P: DYM6=DYMDL2P: DRM1=D
       RMDL1P: DRM6=DRMDL2P
975
       GOTO 990
980
       DD1=DDDL1N: DD6=DDDL2N: DY1=DYDL1N: DY6=DYDL2N: DPM1=DP
       MDL1N: DPM6=DPMDL2N: DYM1=DYMDL1N: DYM6=DYMDL2N: DRM1=D
       RMDL1N: DRM6=DRMDL2N
990
       IF Dl(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1000 ELSE GOTO 1010
1000
       DL1=DLDD1P: DL6=DLDD2P: DY2=DYDD1P: DY7=DYDD2P: DPM2=DP
       MDD1P: DPM7=DPMDD2P: DYM2=DYMDD1P: DYM7=DYMDD2P: DRM2=D
       RMDD1P:DRM7=DRMDD2P
1005
       GOTO 1020
1010
       DL1=DLDD1N: DL6=DLDD2N: DY2=DYDD1N: DY7=DYDD2N: DPM2=DP
       MDD1N: DPM7=DPMDD2N: DYM2=DYMDD1N: DYM7=DYMDD2N: DRM2=D
       RMDD1N: DRM7=DRMDD2N
1020
       IF Y1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1030 ELSE GOTO 1040
1030
       DL2=DLDY1P:DL7=DLDY2P:DD2=DDDY1P:DD7=DDDY2P:DPM3=DP
       MDY1P: DPM8=DPMDY2P: DYM3=DYMDY1P: DYM8=DYMDY2P: DRM3=D
       RMDY1P: DRM8=DRMDY2P
1035
       GOTO 1050
1040
       DL2=DLDY1N: DL7=DLDY2N: DD2=DDDY1N: DD7=DDDY2N: DPM3=DP
       MDY1N: DPM8=DPMDY2N: DYM3=DYMDY1N: DYM8=DYMDY2N: DRM3=D
       RMDY1N: DRM8=DRMDY2N
1050
       IF PM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1060 ELSE GOTO 1080
1060
       DL3=DLDPM1P:DL8=DLDPM1P:DD3=DDDPM1P:DD8=DDDPM2P:DY3
       =DYDPM1P:DY8=DYDPM2P:DYM4=DYMDPM1P:DYM9=DYMDPM2P:DR
       M4=DRMDPM1P:DRM9=DRMDPM2P
1070
       GOTO 1090
1080
       DL3=DLDPM1N: DL8=DLDPM1N: DD3=DDDPM1N: DD8=DDDPM2N: DY3
       =DYDPM1N:DY8=DYDPM2N:DYM4=DYMDPM1N:DYM9=DYMDPM2N:DR
       M4=DRMDPM1N:DRM9=DRMDPM2N
1090
       IF YM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1100 ELSE GOTO 1110
1100
       DL4=DLDYM1P: DL9=DLDYM2P: DD4=DDDYM1P: DD9=DDDYM2P: DY4
       =DYDYM1P:DY9=DYDYM2P:DPM4=DPMDYM1P:DPM9=DPMDYM2P:DR
       M5=DRMDYM1P:DRM10=DRMDYM2P
1105
       GOTO 1120
1110
       DL4=DLDYM1N: DL9=DLDYM2N: DD4=DDDYM1N: DD9=DDDYM2N: DY4
       =DYDYM1N:DY9=DYDYM2N:DPM4=DPMDYM1N:DPM9=DPMDYM2N:DR
       M5=DRMDYM1N:DRM10=DRMDYM2N
1120
       IF RM1(K) > 0 THEN GOTO 1130 ELSE GOTO 1140
1130
       DL5=DLDRM1P:DL10=DLDRM2P:DD5=DDDRM1P:DD10=DDDRM2P:D
       Y5=DYDRM1P: DY10=DYDRM2P: DPM5=DPMDRM1P: DPM10=DPMDRM2
       P: DYM5=DYMDRM1P: DYM10=DYMDRM2P
       GOTO 1150
1135
```

Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

```
DL5=DLDRM1N: DL10=DLDRM2N: DD5=DDDRM1N: DD10=DDDRM2N: D
1140
       Y5=DYDRM1N: DY10=DYDRM2N: DPM5=DPMDRM1N: DPM10=DPMDRM2
       N: DYM5=DYMDRM1N: DYM10=DYMDRM2N
1150 '----SECOND INTERACTION CALCULATION-
       L2(K) = L(K) - (DL1*D1(K)) - (DL6*(D1(K)^2))
1160
       D2(K) = D(K) - (DD1 * L1(K)) - (DD6 * (D1(K)^2))
1170
1220 '----COMPARE INTERACTION CALCULATIONS--
       DFL=ABS(L1(K)-L2(K)):DFD=ABS(D1(K)-D2(K))
1230
       IF DFL < .0005 AND DFD < .0005 THEN GOTO 1330
1250
       IF DFL > .0005 THEN L1(K)=L2(K)
1260
1270
       IF DFD > .0005 THEN D1(K)=D2(K)
1320
       GOTO 960
1330
       L(K) = L2(K) : D(K) = D2(K)
1340
2330 '----PERFORM WEIGHT TARE CORRECTIONS----
2335 '--DRAG AND LIFT NEED TO BE CORRECTED FOR AXIS ORIENT
     ATION--
2340 FOR K = 1 TO NOD%
       ALPHA = AOA(K)*(3.141593/180) 'CONVERT TO RADIANS
2350
       DF(K) = (((-1*D(K)) - (W*SIN(ALPHA))) *COS(ALPHA)) + (((
2360
       -1*L(K))-(W*COS(ALPHA)))*SIN(ALPHA))
       LF(K) = (((-1*L(K)) - (W*COS(ALPHA))) *COS(ALPHA)) - (((
       -1*L(K))-(W*SIN(ALPHA)))*SIN(ALPHA))
2380
       NEXT K
2390 '----SAVE REDUCED DATA TO FILE-----
2395 CLS:PRINT "DATA REDUCTION COMPLETE, SAVING DATA TO ";
     FILE$
2400 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2410 WRITE #2, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2420 WRITE #2,Q,W
2421 WRITE #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2422 WRITE #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
2430.
         FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2450
         WRITE \#2, LF(J), DF(J), Y(J), PM(J), YM(J), RM(J), AOA(J)
2460
        NEXT J
2470
      '----RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM-----
2480 COMMON PD$, FD$, DX%
2490 CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
2500 '----END OF REDUCTION-
```

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Figure A.11 RED.BAS (cont.)

```
'----DATA EDITOR----
10
20
    GOSUB 180
    COLOR 15,1,7: KEY OFF: CLS
30
    LOCATE 5,34: PRINT "*OPTIONS MENU*"
40
50
    PRINT
60
    PRINT
    PRINT TAB(30) "1. CREATE A NEW FILE"
70
80
    PRINT
    PRINT TAB(30) "2. EDIT EXISTING FILE"
90
100
     PRINT
    PRINT TAB(30) "3. INCREASE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS"
110
    PRINT TAB(30) "
                      IN AN EXISTING FILE"
120
    PRINT
130
    PRINT TAB(30) "4. EXIT DATA EDITOR"
140
    LOCATE 20,5: INPUT "ENTER YOUR CHOICE (1,2,3,4)"; REP%
150
    ON REP% GOSUB 390,280,2530,480
160
170 GOTO 30
    '-----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS-----
180
    OPTION BASE 1: KEY OFF
190
    DIM LF(100), DF(100), YF(100), PM(100), RM(100)
200
210 DIM YM(100), AOA(100), COMMAND(10)
    BLANK2$ = "
220
    BLANK1$ = "
230
240
     BLANKS
            - "
     COMMAND$(1) = "c": COMMAND$(2) = "r": COMMAND$(3)
250
     COMMAND$(4) = "e": COMMAND$(5) = "s": COMMAND$(6) =
     "u": COMMAND$(7) = "q"
270
     RETURN
     '----EDIT A FILE-----
280
290
     CLS: COLOR 15,1,7
     LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
300
305
    FILE$ = FD$+FILE$
310
    GOSUB 2680 ' READ IN FILE
     PAGE% = 1: COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
320
     OLDYPOS% = 0
     GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
330
                                           'HIGHLIGHT
    ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1740 : GOSUB 1900
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
    LOCATE 23,30: PRINT "LISTING": BEEP
360 GOSUB 1430 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
     LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
370
380
     GOTO 470
     '-----CREATE A FILE-----
390
     COLOR 15,1,7: CLS
400
    LOCATE 5.10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
415
    FILES = FDS + FILES
     LOCATE 7,10: INPUT "ENTER TEST CONFIGURATION"; CONFIGS
420
     LOCATE 9,10: INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS
430
     PER RUN"; NOD%
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS - On-Screen Data Editor

```
PAGE = 1: COL = 1: SAVED = 0: OLDXPOS = 0:
     OLDYPOS = 0
                 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
450
    GOSUB 1050
    ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900
                                            'HIGHLIGHT
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
470
     GOSUB 490 ' INSERT NEW DATA
     COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
480
481
     CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
482
    RETURN
490
     '-----CHANGE OR INSERT DATA--
500
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
     LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 530
510
520
     GOTO 570
530
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
     "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
540
      FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
550
      NEXT I
560
     GOTO 500
     REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
570
     T1% = ASC(REP2\$)
580
590
     IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 650
600
     T1% = T1% OR 32: REP2$ = CHR$(T1%)
610
     GOSUB 2000
620
     IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 500 ELSE VALID% = 0
630
     ON FLAG% GOSUB 1780,1670,2080,2340,2770,2170,2260
     IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 500 ELSE GOTO 1040
640
     WHILE REP2$ <> "e"
650
660
        NEWDATA = VAL(REP$)
670
        IF QUIT% = 1 OR OLDXPOS% = 0 THEN QUIT% = 0: GOTO
      700
            ELSE
680
             LOCATE OLDXPOS%, OLDYPOS%, O
690
             PRINT USING "####.##";OLDDATA
700
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
710
        R% = ROW% - 2
720
        IF COL* = 1 THEN LF(R*+18*(PAGE*-1)) = NEWDATA:
      YPOS% = 7: GOTO 790: ELSE
730
        IF COL% = 2 THEN DF(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 18: GOTO 790: ELSE
740
        IF COL% = 3 THEN YF(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 29: GOTO 790: ELSE
750
        IF COL% = 4 THEN PM(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 40: GOTO 790: ELSE
760
        IF COL% = 5 THEN RM(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 51: GOTO 790: ELS
770
        IF COL% = 6 THEN YM(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
        = 62: GOTO 790: ELS
        IF COL% =7 THEN AOA(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS%
780
        = 71: GOTO 790: ELS
790
        XPOS% = ROW%
800
        LOCATE XPOS%, YPOS%: COLOR 0,10
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
PRINT USING "####.##"; NEWDATA: MODIFIED% = 1
810
820
        SAVED = 0: COLOR 15,1,7
830
        OLDYPOS% = YPOS%: OLDXPOS% = XPOS%: OLDDATA =
        NEWDATA
840
        FWD% = 1
850
        I% = ROW%+1: GOSUB 1690 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
860
        IF I > NOD +2 THEN FWD = 1 ELSE FWD = 0
870
        IF 1% > 20 THEN FWD% = 1 ELSE FWD% = 0
880
        GOSUB 1800 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
890
        COLOR 15,1,7
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
900
        LOCATE 23,12:INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 930
910
920
        GOTO 950
930
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
        "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
940
        GOTO 900
        REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
950
960
        T1% = ASC(REP2$)
        IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 650
970
980
        T1% = T1% OR 32: REP2$ = CHR$(T1%)
990
        GOSUB 2000 'CHECK COMMANDS
1000
         IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 500 ELSE VALID% = 0
1010
         ON FLAG% GOSUB 1780,1670,2080,2340,2770,2170,2260
         'COMMAND SUBROUTINES
1020
         IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 900 ELSE GOTO 1030
1030
         WEND
1040
     RETURN
1050 '-----PRINT BACKGROUND LINES---
1060 COLOR 15,1,7
1070 CLS
1080 LOCATE 2,1
1090 FOR 1% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1100 LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT"
1110 LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG"
1120 LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW"
1130 LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH"
1140 LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL"
1150 LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M."
1160 LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA"
1170 LOCATE 21,1
1180 FOR I% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1190 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 22
          LOCATE 1%,1: PRINT CHR$(222)
1200
1210
          LOCATE 1%,80: PRINT CHR$(222)
1220 NEXT
1230 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 21
          LOCATE 1%,14: PRINT CHR$(179)
1240
1250
          LOCATE 1%,25: PRINT CHR$(179)
1260
          LOCATE 1%,36: PRINT CHR$(179)
          LOCATE 1%,47: PRINT CHR$(179)
1270
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
LOCATE 1%,58: PRINT CHR$(179)
1280
          LOCATE 1%,69: PRINT CHR$(179)
1290
1300 NEXT
1310 FOR I\$ = 1 TO 18
         LOCATE 18+2,2
1320
1330
         PRINT USING "###"; I%+18*(PAGE%-1);: PRINT ":"
1340
         NEXT
1350 COLOR 15,4
1360 LOCATE 22,15: PRINT "C COLUMN R ROW D DOWN E EXIT"
1370 LOCATE 22,46: PRINT " S SAVE
                                        U UP
                                                Q TUNNEL
     SPEED"
1380 COLOR 14,0: LOCATE 23,44: PRINT CONFIG$
1390 COLOR 15,1,7
1400 LOCATE 22,2: PRINT "[Q =": LOCATE 22,12: PRINT "]"
1410 LOCATE 23,3: PRINT "COMMAND:"
1420 RETURN
1430 '----PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE-----
1440 \text{ FOR } 1\% = 1 \text{ TO } 18
1450
        LOCATE 1%+2,7: PRINT USING "####.##"; LF(1%+18*(PAG
        E%-1))
1460
        NEXT
1470 \text{ FOR } 1\% = 1 \text{ TO } 18
1480
        LOCATE 18+2,18: PRINT USING "####.##"; DF(18+18*(PA
        GE%-1))
1490
        NEXT
1500 FOR 1% = 1 TO 18
1510
        LOCATE 1%+2,29: PRINT USING "####.##";YF(1%+18*(PA
1520
        NEXT
1530 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
1540
        LOCATE 1%+2,40: PRINT USING "####.##";PM(1%+18*(PA
        GE%-1))
1550
        NEXT
1560 \text{ FOR } 1\$ = 1 \text{ TO } 18
1570
        LOCATE 1%+2,51: PRINT USING "####.##"; RM(1%+18*(PA
        GE%-1))
1580
        NEXT
1590 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 18
        LOCATE 1%+2,62: PRINT USING "####.##";YM(1%+18*(PA
1600
        GE%-1))
1610
        NEXT
1620 \text{ FOR } 1\$ = 1 \text{ TO } 1\$
1630
        LOCATE 18+2,71: PRINT USING "####.##"; AOA(18+18*(P
        AGE%-1))
1640
        NEXT
1650 LOCATE 22,7:PRINT USING "###";0
1660 RETURN
1670 '----ROW INDEXING-----
1680 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1690 OLDROW% = ROW%: ROW% = ROW% + FWD%
```

THE RESERVE FOR FRANCE STATES

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
1700 IF ROW$ > NOD$+2 THEN ROW$ = 3
1710 IF ROW$ > 20 THEN ROW$ = 3
1720 IF ROW% < 3 THEN ROW% = 3
1730 LOCATE OLDROW%, 2: PRINT USING "###"; OLDROW%-2+18*(PAG
    E%-1);: PRINT ":"
1740 COLOR 14,4: LOCATE ROW%,2
1750 PRINT USING "###"; ROW$-2+18*(PAGE$-1);: PRINT ":"
1760 COLOR 15,1,7
1770 RETURN
1780 '-----COLUMN INDEXING-----
1790 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1800 OLDCOL% = COL%: COL% = COL% + FWD%
1810 IF COL% > 7 THEN COL% = 1
1820 IF COL% < 1 THEN COL% = 7
1830 IF OLDCOL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1840 IF OLDCOL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1850 IF OLDCOL% = 3 THEN LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1860 IF OLDCOL% = 4 THEN LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1870 IF OLDCOL% = 5 THEN LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1880 IF OLDCOL* = 6 THEN LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M.": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1890 IF OLDCOL* = 7 THEN LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA": GOTO
     1900 ELSE
1900 COLOR 14,4
1910 IF COL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,9: PRINT "LIFT": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1920 IF COL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,20: PRINT "DRAG": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1930 IF COL% = 3 THEN LOCATE 1,32: PRINT "YAW": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1940 IF COL'S = 4 THEN LOCATE 1,41: PRINT "PITCH": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1950 IF COL% = 5 THEN LOCATE 1,53: PRINT "ROLL": GOTO 1980
1960 IF COL* = 6 THEN LOCATE 1,62: PRINT "YAW M.": GOTO
     1980 ELSE
1970 IF COL% = 7 THEN LOCATE 1,74: PRINT "AOA": GOTO 1980
     ELSE
1980 COLOR 15,1,7
1990 RETURN
2000 '-----CHECK COMMANDS-----
2010 I8 = 0
2020 WHILE I% < 7 AND VALID% = 0
2030
        I8 = I8 + 1
2040
        IF REP2$ = COMMAND$(I%) THEN FLAG% = I%: VALID% = 1
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
2050
       WEND
       IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOSUB 2420 'ERROR MESSAGE
2060
2070 RETURN
2080 '----SCROLL DOWN-----
2090 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
2100 PAGE% = PAGE% + FWD%
2110 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
2120 GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
2130 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900 'HIGHLIGHT
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
2140 GOSUB 1430 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
2150 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
2160 RETURN
2170 '-----SCROLL UP-----
2180 FWD% = VAL(REP\$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
2190 PAGE% = PAGE% - FWD%
2200 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
2210 GOSUB 1050 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
2220 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1740: GOSUB 1900 'HIGHLIGHT
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
2230 GOSUB 1430 ' PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
2240 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
2250 RETURN
2260 '----PRINT OUT Q VALUE-----
2270 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
2280 LOCATE 23,12: INPUT "Q =";Q
2290 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
2300 COLOR 0,10
2310 LOCATE 22,7: PRINT USING "###";Q
2320 COLOR 15,1,7
2330 RETURN
2340 '----EXIT EDITOR-----
2350 IF SAVED% = 1 OR MODIFIED% = 0 THEN GOTO 2410
2360 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: BEEP
2370 LOCATE 23,20: INPUT "SAVE FILE (Y/N)"; REP$
2380 IF REP$ = "N" OR REP$ = "n" THEN GOTO 2410
2390 GOSUB 2770 'SAVE FILE
2400 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2410 RETURN
2420 '----ERROR MESSAGE-----
2430 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2440 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT " INVALID COMMAND"
2450 \text{ FOR F} = 300 \text{ TO } 500 \text{ STEP } 100
2460
        SOUND F, 2
2470
        SOUND 32767,2
        NEXT
2480
2490 FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
2500 NEXT I
2510 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2520 RETURN
```

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Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
2530 '----ADD TEST POINTS TO FILE----
2540 CLS
2550 LOCATE 3,5: PRINT"THIS OPTION ALLOWS YOU TO INCREASE
     THE NUMBER OF TEST"
2560 LOCATE 4,5: PRINT"POINTS OF AN EXISTING FILE"
2570 LOCATE 7,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE"; FILE$
2580 FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
2590 GOSUB 2680
2610 LOCATE 10,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TUNNEL
     RUNS"; NOQ%
2620 LOCATE 13,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TEST
     POINTS PER RUN"; NOD%
2630 GOSUB 2770
2660 LOCATE 20,5: PRINT"NOW YOU CAN CALL UP YOUR FILE AND
     ADD IN THE NEW POINTS"
2670 RETURN
2680 '-----READ IN FILE--
2690 OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #1
2700 INPUT #1, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2710 INPUT #1,Q,W
2714 INPUT #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2715 INPUT #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
       FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2720
2730
       INPUT \#1, LF(J), DF(J), YF(J), PM(J), RM(J), YM(J), AOA(J)
2740
       NEXT J
2750 CLOSE #1
2760 RETURN
2770 '-----SAVE FILE----
2780 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: LOCATE 23,30: PRINT
     "SAVING FILE"
2790 OPEN FILES FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2800 WRITE #2, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
2810 WRITE #2,Q,W
2814 WRITE #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
2815 WRITE #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
2820 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
        WRITE \#2, LF(J), DF(J), YF(J), PM(J), RM(J), YM(J), AOA(J)
2830
2840
        NEXT J
2850 CLOSE #2
2860 RETURN
```

Figure A.12 ADATA.BAS (cont.)

```
10
      REM----COMP.BAS; CALCULATE Cd, Cl AND E. F. A.----
15
16
      DIM LF(100), DF(100), YF(100), PM(100), YM(100), RM(100),
      AOA(100)
17
      DIM CD(100), CL(100), EFA(100)
20
      COLOR 15,1,4:KEY OFF: CLS
      PRINT "WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE CONTAINING THE";
30
      PRINT " CALIBRATED"
35
      INPUT "WIND TUNNEL DATA"; FILE$
40
50
      FILE$ = FD$+ FILE$
60
      GOSUB 680
                        'READ IN DATA FROM FILE
      REM -- FOR THE FOLLOWING, AREAL IS MEASURED IN SQUARE
      FEET
90
      AREAL =60/144
270
      FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
280
          CL(J) = LF(J)/(Q*AREAL)
290
          CD(J) = DF(J)/(Q*AREAL)
295
          EFA(J) = LF(J)/Q
300
          NEXT J
310
      '-----STORE DATA FOR Cd VS. Cl-----
311
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE Cd VS.
      Cl DATA"; N$
312
      Y$="Cd":X$="C1"
320
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
330
      WRITE #1, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
340
      WRITE #1,Q
350
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
360
             WRITE #1,CD(J),CL(J)
370
             NEXT J
380
      CLOSE #1
390
      '-----STORE DATA FOR Cd VS. Cl*Cl-----
391
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE Cd VS.
      Cl^2 DATA";N$
392
      Y$="Cd":X$="C1^2"
400
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
410
      WRITE #2, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
      WRITE #2,Q
420
430
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
             B = CL(J) * CL(J)
440
450
             WRITE #2,CD(J),B
460
             NEXT J
      CLOSE #2
470
480
      '-----STORE DATA FOR C1 VS. AOA-----
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE CL
481
      VS. AOA DATA";N$
482
      Y$="Cl":X$="AOA"
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
500
      WRITE #2, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
510
      WRITE #2,Q
520
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
```

Figure A.13 COMP.BAS - Program to Calculate Parameters

```
530
             WRITE #2,CL(J),AOA(J)
540
             NEXT J
550
      CLOSE #2
      '----STORE DATA FOR E.F.A. VS AOA-----
560
      INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME FOR THE FILE TO STORE THE
561
       .F.A. VS. AOA DATA";N$
562
      Y$="E.F.A.":X$="AOA"
570
      OPEN FD$+N$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
580
      WRITE #1, NOD%, Y$, X$, CONFIG$, CONF
590
      WRITE #1,Q
600
          FOR J =
                   1 TO NOD%
             WRITE #1,EFA(J),AOA(J)
610
620
      CLOSE #1
630
640
      '-----RETURN TO MAIN PROGRAM----
650
      COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
      CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
660
      '-----READ IN DATA FROM CALIBRATED FILE----
670
680
      OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
690
      INPUT #2, NOD%, CONFIG$, CONF
700
      INPUT #2,Q,W
701
      INPUT #2, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, ZAOA
702
      INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM, CALAOA
710
          FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
720
          INPUT #2, LF(J), DF(J), YF(J), PM(J), RM(J), YM(J),
          AOA(J)
730
          NEXT J
740
      CLOSE #2
750
      RETURN
```

は各種の対象が必要がある。

Figure A.13 COMP.BAS (cont.)

```
'----DATA EDITOR----
10
20
    GOSUB 180
    COLOR 15,1,7: KEY OFF: CLS
30
    LOCATE 5,34: PRINT "*OPTIONS MENU*"
40
50
    PRINT
    PRINT
60
    PRINT TAB(30) "1. CREATE A NEW FILE"
70
80
    PRINT TAB(30) "2. EDIT EXISTING FILE"
90
100
     PRINT
   PRINT TAB(30) "3. INCREASE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS"
110
    PRINT TAB(30) "
120
                       IN AN EXISTING FILE"
130
    PRINT
    PRINT TAB(30) "4. EXIT DATA EDITOR"
140
    LOCATE 20,5: INPUT "ENTER YOUR CHOICE (1,2,3,4)"; REP%
150
160
    ON REP% GOSUB 380,270,2200,490
170
     GOTO 30
     '----INITIALIZING CONSTANTS-----
180
     OPTION BASE 1: KEY OFF
190
200 DIM Y(100), X(100), COMMAND(10)
     BLANK2$ = "
210
    BLANK1$ = "
220
    BLANKS
230
     COMMAND$(1) = "c":COMMAND$(2) = "r": COMMAND$(3) = "d"
240
     COMMAND$(4) = "e": COMMAND$(5) = "s": COMMAND$(6) =
250
     "u": COMMAND$(7) = "q"
260
     RETURN
     '----EDIT A FILE-----
270
280 CLS: COLOR 15,1,7
     LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILE$
290
295
     FILE$ = FD$ + FILE$
     GOSUB 2350 ' READ IN FILE
300
310 PAGE% = 1: COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
     OLDYPOS% = 0
     GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
320
330 ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1520 : GOSUB 1620
                                           'HIGHLIGHT
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
340 LOCATE 23,30: PRINT "LISTING": BEEP
350 GOSUB 1360 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
360 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
370 GOTO 480
     '----CREATE A FILE----
380
390
    COLOR 15,1,7: CLS
400 LOCATE 5,10: INPUT "ENTER YOUR FILE NAME"; FILES
     FILR$ = FD$ + FILE$
405
     LOCATE 7,10: INPUT "ENTER TEST CONFIGURATION"; CONFIG$
410
420 LOCATE 9,10: INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER OF TEST POINTS
     PER RUN"; NOD%
     LOCATE 11,10: INPUT "ENTER TITLE FOR X-VALUES (i.e.
     CL, AOA)";X1$
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS - On-Screen Data Editor

```
LOCATE 13,10: INPUT "ENTER TITLE FOR Y-VALUES (i.e.
     cd, cl)";Y1$
     PAGE% = 1: COL% = 1: SAVED% = 0: OLDXPOS% = 0:
450
     OLDYPOS = 0
                 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
460
     GOSUB 1010
                                             'HIGHLIGHT FIRST
     ROW% = 3: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620
470
     ROW AND COLUMN
                ' INSERT NEW DATA
480
     GOSUB 500
     COMMON FD$, PD$, DX%
490
     CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110
491
     RETURN
492
      '-----CHANGE OR INSERT DATA-----
500
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
510
     LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO 540
520
530
     LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
540
      "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
       FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
550
 560
      NEXT I
      GOTO 510
 570
     REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
 580
 590
      T1% = ASC(REP2$)
 600
      IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 660
      T1% = T1% OR 32: REP2$ = CHR$(T1%)
 610
 620
      GOSUB 1670
- 630
      IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 510 ELSE VALID% = 0
 640
      ON FLAG% GOSUB 1550,1450,1750;2010,2440,1840,1930
 650
      IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 510 ELSE GOTO 1000
      WHILE REP2$ <> "e"
 660
 670
         NEWDATA = VAL(REP$)
         IF QUIT% = 1 OR OLDXPOS% = 0 THEN QUIT% = 0: GOTO
 680
      710
 690
              LOCATE OLDXPOS%, OLDYPOS%, O
 700
              PRINT USING "####.##"; OLDDATA
 710
         LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
 720
         R% = ROW% - 2
 730
         IF COL% = 1 THEN Y(R%+18*(PAGE%-1))=NEWDATA: YPOS
         = 18: GOTO 750: ELS
 740
         IF COL = 2 THEN X(R + 18 + (PAGE * -1)) = NEWDATA: YPOS *
         = 43: GOTO 750: ELSE
 750
         XPOS% = ROW%
 760
         LOCATE XPOS%, YPOS%: COLOR 0,10
 770
         PRINT USING "####.##"; NEWDATA: MODIFIED% = 1
 780
         SAVED% = 0: COLOR 15,1
 790
         OLDYPOS% = YPOS%: OLDXPOS% = XPOS%: OLDDATA =
         NEWDATA
 800
      FWD% = 1
 810
      I% = ROW%+1: GOSUB 1470 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
 820
      IF I > NOD +2 THEN FWD = 1 ELSE FWD = 0
 830
      IF I$ > 20 THEN FWD$ = 1 ELSE FWD$ = 0
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
840 GOSUB 1570 'HIGHLIGHT NEW ROW
    COLOR 15,1,7
850
860
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
        LOCATE 23,12: INPUT REP$: IF REP$ = "" THEN GOTO
870
880
        GOTO 910
        LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$: LOCATE 23,12: PRINT
890
        "INVALID COMMAND": BEEP
900
        GOTO 860
910
        REP2$ = RIGHT$(REP$,1)
920
        T1% = ASC(REP2$)
930
        IF T1% >= 43 AND T1% <= 57 THEN GOTO 660
940
        T1 = T1 OR 32: REP2$ = CHR$(T1%)
950
        GOSUB 1670 'CHECK COMMANDS
960
        IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOTO 510 ELSE VALID% = 0
970
        ON FLAG% GOSUB 1550,1450,1750,2010,2440,1840,1930
        'COMMAND SUBROUTINES
980
        IF REP2$ <> "e" THEN GOTO 860 ELSE GOTO 990
990
        WEND
1000 RETURN
1010 '-----PRINT BACKGROUND LINES----
1020 COLOR 15,1,7
1030
     CLS
1040 LOCATE 2,1
1050 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1060 LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$
1070 LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$
1080 LOCATE 1,68: PRINT "COMMANDS"
1090 LOCATE 21,1
1100 FOR 1% = 1 TO 80 : PRINT CHR$(220);: NEXT
1110 FOR I% = 1 TO 22
1120
          LOCATE 1%,1: PRINT CHR$(222)
1130
         . LOCATE 1%,80: PRINT CHR$(222)
1140 NEXT
1150 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 21
          LOCATE 1%,28: PRINT CHR$(179)
1160
1170
          LOCATE 1%,53: PRINT CHR$(179)
1180 NEXT
1190 FOR I% = 1 TO 18
         LOCATE 1%+2,2
1210
         PRINT USING "###"; I%+18*(PAGE%-1);: PRINT ":"
1220
         NEXT
1230 COLOR 15,4
1240 LOCATE 3,66: PRINT "C COLUMN
1250 LOCATE 4,66: PRINT "R ROW
1260 LOCATE 5,66: PRINT "D DOWN
1270 LOCATE 6,66: PRINT "E EXIT
1280 LOCATE 7,66: PRINT "S SAVE
1290 LOCATE 8,66: PRINT "U UP
1300 LOCATE 9,66: PRINT "Q TUNNEL SPEED"
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
1310 COLOR 14,0: LOCATE 23,44: PRINT CONFIG$
1320 COLOR 15,1,7
1330 LOCATE 22,2: PRINT "[Q =": LOCATE 22,12: PRINT "]"
1340 LOCATE 23,3: PRINT "COMMAND:"
1350 RETURN
1360 '----PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE-----
1370 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 18
        LOCATE 1%+2,18: PRINT USING "####.##";Y(1%+18*(PAG
1380
        E%-1))
1390
        NEXT
1400 \text{ FOR } 1\$ = 1 \text{ TO } 18
        LOCATE 1%+2,43: PRINT USING "####.##";X(1%+18*(PAG
1410
        E%-1))
1420
        NEXT
1430 LOCATE 22,7:PRINT USING "###";Q
1440 RETURN
1450 '----ROW INDEXING----
1460 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1470 OLDROW$ = ROW$: ROW$ = ROW$ + FWD$
1480 IF ROW$ > NOD\$+2 THEN ROW\$=3
1490 IF ROW$ > 20 THEN ROW$ = 3
1500 IF ROW% < 3 THEN ROW% = 3
1510 LOCATE OLDROW%, 2: PRINT USING "###"; OLDROW%-2+18*(PAG
     E%-1);: PRINT ":"
1520 COLOR 14,4: LOCATE ROW%,2: PRINT USING "###"; ROW%-2+1
     8*(PAGE%-1);:PRINT ":"
1530 COLOR 15,1,7
1540 RETURN
1550 '----COLUMN INDEXING-----
1560 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1570 OLDCOL% = COL%: COL% = COL% + FWD%
1580 IF COL% > 2 THEN COL% = 1
1590 IF COL% < 1 THEN COL% = 2
1600 IF OLDCOL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$:
     GOTO 1620 ELSE
1610 IF OLDCOL* = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$:
     GOTO 1620 ELSE
1620 COLOR 14,4
1630 IF COL% = 1 THEN LOCATE 1,18: PRINT "Y = ";Y1$: GOTO
     1650 ELSE
1640 IF COL% = 2 THEN LOCATE 1,43: PRINT "X = ";X1$: GOTO
     1650 ELSE
1650 COLOR 15,1,7
1660 RETURN
1670 '----CHECK COMMANDS-----
1680 I\% = 0
1690 WHILE I% < 7 AND VALID% = 0
        I8 = I8 + 1
        IF REP2$ = COMMAND$(I%) THEN FLAG% = I%: VALID% = 1
1710
1720
        WEND
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
IF VALID% = 0 THEN GOSUB 2090 'ERROR MESSAGE
1730
1740 RETURN
1750 '-----SCROLL DOWN------
1760 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1770 PAGE% = PAGE% + FWD%
1780 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
1790 GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
1800 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT
     FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
1810 GOSUB 1360 'PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
1820 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
1830 RETURN
1840 '----SCROLL UP-----
1850 FWD% = VAL(REP$): IF FWD% = 0 THEN FWD% = 1
1860 PAGE% = PAGE% - FWD%
1870 IF PAGE% < 1 THEN PAGE% = 1
1880 GOSUB 1010 'PRINT BACKGROUND LINES
1890 ROW% = 3: COL% = 1: GOSUB 1520: GOSUB 1620 'HIGHLIGHT
    FIRST ROW AND COLUMN
1900 GOSUB 1360 ' PRINT COLUMNS 1-7 AND Q VALUE
1910 \text{ OLDXPOS} = 0
1920 RETURN
1930 '----PRINT OUT Q VALUE----
1940 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
1950 LOCATE 23,12: INPUT "Q =";Q
1960 LOCATE 23,12: PRINT BLANK$
1970 COLOR 0,10
1980 LOCATE 22,7: PRINT USING "###";Q
1990 COLOR 15,1,7
2000 RETURN
2010 '----EXIT EDITOR-----
2020 IF SAVED% = 1 OR MODIFIED% = 0 THEN GOTO 2080
2030 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: BEEP
2040 LOCATE 23,20: INPUT "SAVE FILE (Y/N)"; REP$
2050 IF REP$ = "N" OR REP$ = "n" THEN GOTO 2080
2060 GOSUB 2440 'SAVE FILE
2070 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$.
2080 RETURN
2090 '----ERROR MESSAGE-----
2100 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2110 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT " INVALID COMMAND"
2120 \text{ FOR F} = 300 \text{ TO } 500 \text{ STEP } 100
2130
        SOUND F,2
2140
        SOUND 32767,2
2150
        NEXT
2160 FOR I = 1 TO 500 STEP 1
2170 NEXT I
2180 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$
2190 RETURN
2200 '----ADD TEST POINTS TO FILE-----
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
2210 CLS
2220 LOCATE 3,5: PRINT"THIS OPTION ALLOWS YOU TO INCREASE
     THE NUMBER OF TEST"
2230 LOCATE 4,5: PRINT"POINTS OF AN EXISTING FILE"
2240 LOCATE 7,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NAME OF YOUR FILE"; FILE$
2250 FILES = FDS + FILES
2260 GOSUB 2350
2290 LOCATE 13,5: INPUT"WHAT IS THE NEW NUMBER OF TEST
     POINTS PER RUN"; NOD%
2300 GOSUB 2440
2330 LOCATE 20,5: PRINT"NOW YOU CAN CALL UP YOUR FILE AND
     ADD IN THE NEW POINTS"
2340 RETURN
2350 '-----READ IN FILE-----
2360 OPEN FILES FOR INPUT AS #1
2370 INPUT #1, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
2380 INPUT #1,Q
2390
        FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
           INPUT #1,Y(J),X(J)
2400
2410
          NEXT J
2420 CLOSE #1
2430 RETURN
2440 '----SAVE FILE-----
2450 LOCATE 23,20: PRINT BLANK2$: LOCATE 23,30: PRINT
     "SAVING FILE"
2460 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #2
2470 WRITE #2, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, CONFIG$, CONF
2480 WRITE #2,Q
2490
        FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2500
           WRITE #2,Y(J),X(J)
2510
           NEXT J
2520 CLOSE #2
2530 RETURN
```

Figure A.14 BDATA.BAS (cont.)

```
10
     '----PLOTTING ROUTINE----
20
     DIM X(300), Y(300), B(300), C(300), D(300)
30
     KEY OFF: SCREEN 2
40
     HDPOS = 44: B$ = "
     GOSUB 260
60
70
     OPT$ = CURVE$(1)
80
     ERASE X,Y,FILESTK$,CURVE$,B,C,D
     CHAIN PD$+"MAIN.BAS",2110,ALL
90
150
     '----READ IN FILE----
     OPEN FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
160
170
     INPUT #2, NOD%, Y1$, X1$, H$, CONF
     INPUT #2,Q
180
190
     FOR I\$ = 1 TO NOD\$
200
         INPUT #2,Y(I%),X(I%)
210
         NEXT
     CLOSE #2
220
230
     RETURN
260
     '----INITIALIZING PLOTTER-----
270
     FOR L = 1  TO NOF = 1 
280
         FILE$ = FILESTK$(L$)
290
         GOSUB 160
300
         IF L%=1 THEN XMIN=X(1): XMAX=XMIN: YMIN=Y(1):
     YMAX=YMIN
         FOR I%=1 TO NOD%
310
             IF X(I%) < XMIN THEN XMIN=X(I%) ELSE IF X(I%) >
320
     XMAX THEN XMAX=X(I%)
             IF Y(I%) < YMIN THEN YMIN=Y(I%) ELSE IF Y(I%) >
330
     YMAX THEN YMAX=Y(I%)
340
             NEXT I%
350
         NEXT L%
     CLS
351
352
     PRINT "AFTER CURVES ARE PLOTTED YOU HAVE THE OPTION
     OF OBTAINING A HARD"
     PRINT "COPY BY PRESSING CTRL-PRTSC. THE CURVE WILL
353
     REMAIN ON THE SCREEN"
354
     PRINT "UNTIL YOU PRESS THE F2 KEY."
355
     PRINT
360
     INPUT "HEADDING FOR PLOT ="; HEAD$
370
     T1%=LEN(HEAD$): IF T1%>60 THEN HEAD$=LEFT$(HEAD$,60)
     INPUT "X TITLE FOR THE PLOT ="; XTITLE$
380
     T1%=LEN(XTITLE$): IF T1%>60 THEN XTITLE$=LEFT$(XTITLE
390
     $,60)
400
     INPUT "Y TITLE FOR THE PLOT =";YTITLES
     T1%=LEN(YTITLE$): IF T1%>60 THEN YTITLE$=LEFT$(YTITLE
410
     $,60)
     PRINT "MINIMUM X VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; XMIN; "]";: INPUT
420
     T1$
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN TEMP=VAL(T1$) ELSE TEMP=XMIN
430
     IF TEMP<=XMIN THEN OK%=1 ELSE OK%=0
440
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN TEMP3 =XMIN: XMIN = TEMP
450
```

```
460
     PRINT "MAXIMUM X VALUE = [DEFAULT:";XMAX;"]";: INPUT
     TIS
470
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN XMAX=VAL(T1$)
     PRINT "MINIMUM Y VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; YMIN; "]";: INPUT
480
     T1$
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN YMIN=VAL(T1$)
490
500
     PRINT "MAXIMUM Y VALUE = [DEFAULT:"; YMAX; "]";: INPUT
     T1$
     IF T1$ <> "" THEN YMAX=VAL(T1$)
510
520
     RANGE=XMAX-XMIN
     IF OK%=1 THEN PTR%=1: STKPTR%=1: PGSTK%(1)=1 ELSE
530
     GOSUB 580
540
     CLS: SCREEN 2
550
     GOSUB 840
560
     RETURN
570
     '----SET PAGES----
     TEMP2=(TEMP-TEMP3)/RANGE+1: PG%=INT(TEMP2)
580
590
     STKPTR%=PG%+1
600
     FOR I% = 1 TO STKPTR%
610
         T2=TEMP-RANGE*(1%-1)
620
         J%=1
630
         WHILE X(J%)<T2
             J%=J%+1
640
650
             WEND
660
         PGSTK%(PG%-I%+2)=J%
670
    NEXT 1%
680
    PTR%=PGSTK% (STKPTR%)
690
     '-----PLOT WITHOUT GRID-----
700
710
     LINE (ORIGINX%, ORIGINY%) - (ORIGINX%+7*INTERVALX%, TEMP4%
     ),1,B
720
     X%=ORIGINX%
730
     FOR I = 1  TO 8
740
         LINE (X^*, 162) - (X^*, 165)
750
         X%=X%+INTERVALX%
760
         NEXT
770
     T1%=ORIGINX%-8: T2%=ORIGINY%
780
     FOR I = 1  TO 5
790
         LINE (T1%, T2%) - (ORIGINX%, T2%)
800
         T2%=T2%+INTERVALY%
810
         NEXT
820
     RETURN
830
     -----PLOTTING ROUTINES-----
     ORIGINY%=12: ORIGINX%=72: INTERVALY%=30: INTERVALX%=80
840
     TEMP4%=ORIGINY%+5*INTERVALY%
850
870
     VIEW(0,0)-(639,163): CLS: VIEW
890
     GOSUB 710
900
     IF LEFT$(GRD$,1)="G" THEN GOSUB 2400
910
     X%=ORIGINX%: Y%=ORIGINY%
920
     FOR L%=1 TO NOF%
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
IF NOF%=1 THEN GOTO 960
930
940
         FILE$=FILESTK$(L%)
950
         GOSUB 160
960
         XINDEX=XMIN
970
         GOSUB 1410
980
         IF L%=1 THEN GOSUB 1120
990
         IF L% <> NOF% THEN PTR%=PGSTK%(STKPTR%)
1000
         NEXT L%
1001 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 1006
1002 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 1009
1003 KEY(2) OFF: KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
1004 IF FLAG = 1 THEN GOTO 1100
1005 GOTO 1001
1006 LOCATE 23,1: PRINT "HI"
1008 RETURN
1009 \text{ FLAG} = 1
1010 RETURN
1100 \text{ FLAG} = 0
1101 RETURN
1110 '-----PLOT ZERO LINE-----
1120 IF (YMAX*YMIN <0) THEN TEMP=(-1*YMIN/(YMAX-YMIN))*150
     ELSE GOTO 1150
1130 DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP)
1140 LINE(ORIGINX%, TEMP4%-DELTAY%) - (ORIGINX%+7*INTERVALX%,
     TEMP4%-DELTAY%)
1150 IF (XMAX*XMIN <0) THEN TEMP=(-1*XMIN/(XMAX-XMIN))*550
     ELSE GOTO 1190
1160 DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP)
1170 LINE(ORIGINX*+DELTAX*, ORIGINY*) - (ORIGINX*+DELTAX*, TEM
1180 '-----PRINT INDECIES-----
1190 YINDEX=YMAX
1200 \text{ TEMP} = (YMAX-YMIN)/5
1210 P%=LEN(HEAD$): P%=HDPOS%-(P%*.5)
1220 LOCATE 1,1: PRINT TAB(P%) HEAD$
1230 FOR I\$ = 1 TO 6
         PRINT USING "###.###"; YINDEX
1240
1250
         IF (I%= 3) THEN FOR J% = 1 TO 2: PRINT: NEXT J%:
     GOTO 1260
1255
         IF (1%<>6) THEN FOR J% = 1 TO 3: PRINT: NEXT J%
1260
         YINDEX=YINDEX-TEMP
         NEXT I%
1270
1280 XINDEX = XMIN: XINCR=(XMAX-XMIN)/7
1285 LOCATE 22,1
1290 PRINT USING "#########, #"; XINDEX;
1300 FOR 1\% = 1 TO 7
1310
         XINDEX = XINDEX + XINCR
1320
         PRINT USING "#########;XINDEX; : NEXT I%
1330 P%=LEN(XTITLE$): P%=HDPOS%-(P%*.5)
1340 LOCATE 23,1: PRINT TAB(P%) XTITLES
```

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Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
1350 T1%=LEN(YTITLE$): P%=11-(T1%*.5)
1360 \text{ FOR } 1\$ = 1 \text{ TO } T1\$
1370
         T1$=MID$(YTITLE$, I%, 1): LOCATE P%+I%, 1: PRINT T1$
1380
1395 RETURN
1400 '----PLOT POINTS ON GRAPH-----
1410 TEMP2=1/(YMAX-YMIN): TEMP3=1/(XMAX-XMIN)
1420 IF MRK$="" THEN MRK$="MARK
1430 REP2$=LEFT$(MRK$,1)
1440 T%=L%: REP$=LEFT$(CURVE$(L%),1)
1450 IF T%>3 THEN T%=T%-3 : GOTO 1450
1460 IF REPS="C" THEN GOSUB 1870
1470 COUNT%=0: NDP%=0
1480 WHILE (PTR%<=NOD%) AND (X(PTR%) <= XMAX)
         IF X(PTR%) < XMIN THEN GOTO 1650
1490
1500
         OLDY%=Y%: OLDX%=X%
1510
         NDP% = NDP%+1
1520
         TEMP1=ABS((X(PTR%)-XMIN)*TEMP3)*550
1530
         TEMP=ABS((Y(PTR%)-YMIN)*TEMP2)*150
1540
         DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP): DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP1)
1560
         Y%=TEMP4%-DELTAY% : X%=ORIGINX%+DELTAX%
         IF COUNT%=0 THEN OLDY%=Y%: OLDX%=X%: PSET(X%,Y%):
1570
         FIRSTX%=X%: FIRSTY%=Y%: COUNT%=1
1580
         IF REP$="P" THEN 1600
1590
         LINE-(X%,Y%),1
1600
         IF REP2$ <> "M" AND REP <> "P" THEN GOTO 1630
         IF T_{1} = 1 THEN CIRCLE(X_{1}, Y_{1}, 0, 6.28, 5/12
1610
1611
         IF T_{=2} THEN LINE(X_{,Y_{}})-(X_{+6},Y_{}): LINE-(X_{+3},Y_{}
          -3): LINE-(X%,Y%)
1612
         ELSE LINE(X%,Y%) -(X%+6,Y%-3),1,B : PSET(X%,Y%)
1620
         GOTO 1640
1630
          PSET(X%,Y%)
1640
          IF REP$="C" THEN GOSUB 2140
1650
          PTR%=PTR%+1
1660
         WEND
1720 RETURN
1860 '----CUBIC INTERPOLATION-----
1870 DIM H(200), A(200), L(200), U(200), Z(200)
1880 FOR I\$ = 1 TO NOD\$ - 1
1890
         H(I%) = X(I%+1) - X(I%)
1900
         NEXT
1910 FOR I%=2 TO NOD%-1
1920
          T1=Y(I^{*}+1)*H(I^{*}-1)
1930
          T2=Y(I%)*(X(I%+1)-X(I%-1))
1940
          T3=Y(I\$-1)*H(I\$)
1950
          A(I%)=3*(T1-T2+T3)/(H(I%-1)*H(I%))
1960
         NEXT I%
1970 L(1)=1: U(1)=0: Z(1)=0
1980 FOR I%=2 TO NOD%
          L(I%)=2*(X(I%+1)-X(I%-1))-H(I%-1)*U(I%-1)
```

Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
2000
         U(I\$) = H(I\$) / L(I\$)
2010
         Z(I%) = (A(I%) - H(I%-1) *Z(I%-1))/L(I%)
2020
         NEXT I%
2030 L(NOD_{\xi})=1: Z(NOD_{\xi})=0: C(NOD_{\xi})=0
2040 FOR J%=NOD%-1 TO 1 STEP -1
2050
         C(J_3) = Z(J_3) - U(J_3) * C(J_3+1)
         T1=(Y(J^{2}+1)-Y(J^{2}))/H(J^{2})
2060
2070
         T2=H(J%)*(C(J%+1)+2*C(J%))/3
2080
         B(J%)=T1-T2
2090
         D(J^*) = (C(J^*+1) - C(J^*)) / (3*H(J^*))
2100
         NEXT J%
2110 ERASE H,A,L,U,Z
2120 RETURN
2130 '----PLOT CUBIC----
2140 IF PTR%+1 > NOD% OR X(PTR%+1) > XMAX THEN GOTO 2280
2150 Tl=(XMAX-XMIN)/560 : T2=X(PTR%)
2160 TEMP1=ABS((X(PTR%+1)-XMIN)*TEMP3)*550
2170 DELTAX%=CINT(TEMP1)
2180 XNEXT%=ORIGINX%+DELTAX%
2190 X%=X%+2
2200 IF X% >= XNEXT% THEN GOTO 2280
2210 T2=T2 + 2*T1
2220 T4=T2-X(PTR%)
2230 T3=Y(PTR%)+B(PTR%)*T4+C(PTR%)*T4*T4+D(PTR%)*T4*T4*T4
2240 TEMP=ABS((T3-YMIN)*TEMP2)*150
2250 DELTAY%=CINT(TEMP): Y%=TEMP4%-DELTAY%
2260 IF Y*>172 THEN Y*=172 ELSE IF Y*<12 THEN Y*=12.
2270 LINE-(X%,Y%) : GOTO 2190
2280 RETURN
2400 '----PLOT WITH GRIDS-----
2410 \text{ FOR } 1\$ = 1 \text{ TO } 9
2420
         T1%=ORIGINY%+I%*15
2430
          LINE (73,T1%) - (623,T1%),, &H4444
         NEXT I%
2440
2450 FOR I%= 1 TO 13
2460
          T1%=ORIGINX%+I%*40
          LINE(T1%,12)-(T1%,162),,,&HAAAA
2470
2480
         NEXT I%
2490 RETURN
2500 END
```

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Figure A.15 PLOTTER.BAS (cont.)

```
10 'NAME: Data Acquisition And Control (DAAC)
           HEADER for BASICA
30 '
40 'FILE NAME:
                DACHDR. BAS
50 '
60 'DOS DEVICE NAME:
70 '
80 'RESERVED FUNCTION NAMES:
              AINM, AINS, AINSC, AOUM, AOUS,
100 '
               BINM, BINS, BITINS, BITOUS, BOUM, BOUS,
110 '
                CINM, CINS, CSET, DELAY
120 'RESERVED DEF SEG VALUE NAME:
130 '
140 'NAMES DEFINED AND USED BY HEADER:
               ADAPT%, AI, COUNT, FOUND%,
160 '
               HNAME$, SG%, STAT%
170 '
180 '
190 'When using the BASICA Interpreter, this header
200 'must be executed before any function calls are
210 'made that access the DAAC adapter.
                                           It initializes
220 'a number of variables for each function call.
230 'variables are reserved and should not be used except
240 'to access the DAAC adapter. This routine also does a
250 'DEF SEG to the segment where the DAAC Device Driver
260 '(DAC.COM) is loaded. If you execute a DEF SEG to
270 'access other hardware, you must DEF SEG to the segment
280 'of the DAAC Device Driver before any subsequent
290 'calls to access the DAAC adapter.
300 '
310 '
320 \text{ FOUND} = 0
330 \text{ SG}\% = \&\text{H2E}
340 'Start searching the interrupt vectors until you find
350 'one that points to the DAAC device driver.
360 'Do a DEF SEG to that segment.
370 WHILE ((SG% \leftarrow &H3E) AND (FOUND% = 0))
380
          DEF SEG = 0
390
          DSEG = PEEK(SG%) + PEEK(SG% + 1) * 256
400
          DEF SEG = DSEG
410
          HNAMES=""
420
          FOR AI=10 TO 17
430
                   HNAME$ = HNAME$ + CHR$(PEEK(AI))
440
          NEXT AI
                                " AND PEEK(18) + PEEK(19) <>
450
          IF HNAME$ = "DAAC
          O THEN FOUND = 1
460
          SG% = SG% + 4
470 WEND
480 IF FOUND% = 0 THEN PRINT "ERROR: DEVICE DRIVER DAC.COM
    NOT FOUND": END
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS - Balance Calibration Program

```
490 'Now initialize all function name variables for calls
500 'to access the device driver.
                = PEEK(\&H13) * 256 + PEEK(\&H12)
510 AINM
                = PEEK(&H15) * 256 + PEEK(&H14)
520 AINS
                = PEEK(\&H17) * 256 + PEEK(\&H16)
530 AINSC
                = PEEK(&H19) * 256 + PEEK(&H18)
540 AOUM
                              * 256 + PEEK(&H1A)
                = PEEK(&H1B)
550 AOUS
560 BINM
                = PEEK(&H1D) * 256 + PEEK(&H1C)
                              * 256 + PEEK(&H1E)
570 BINS
                = PEEK(&HlF)
                = PEEK(&H21) * 256 + PEEK(&H20)
580 BITINS
                = PEEK(\&H23) * 256 + PEEK(\&H22)
590 BITOUS
                = PEEK(\&H25) * 256 + PEEK(\&H24)
600 BOUM
                              * 256 + PEEK(&H26)
                = PEEK(&H27)
610 BOUS
                = PEEK(\&H29) * 256 + PEEK(\&H28)
620 CINM
                = PEEK(\&H2B) * 256 + PEEK(\&H2A)
630 CINS
                = PEEK(\&H2D) * 256 + PEEK(\&H2C)
640 CSET
                = PEEK(\&H2F) * 256 + PEEK(\&H2E)
650 DELAY
660 'Finally, execute any call to re-initialize the
670 'device driver from any former invocation of BASIC.
680 \text{ ADAPT} = 0
690 \text{ COUNT} = 1
700 \text{ STAT} = 0
710 CALL DELAY (ADAPT%, COUNT, STAT%)
720
730 'End of DAAC BASICA Header
740 '
750
     REM-----BALCAL.BAS (CALIBRATE BALANCE)----
760
     REM
     DIM L(100), D(100), Y(100), PM(100), YM(100), RM(100), LBS(
     100)
769 DIM DAT(399), DAT%(399), DAT1(399), DAT1%(399)
770
     FOR I = 1 TO 12
780
        IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
790
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
800
        IF I = 3 THEN FILE$ = "YAWP"
810
        IF I = 4 THEN FILES = "PITCHMP"
820
        IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
        IF I = 6 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
830
840
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
850
        IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
        IF I = 9 THEN FILE$ = "YAWN"
860
870
        IF I = 10 THEN FILES = "PITCHMN"
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
880
890
        IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
900
     REM
910
     REM
920
     GOSUB 1380 'RECORD CALIBRATION DATA
930
     NEXT I
     CLS
940
950
     LOCATE 10,5:PRINT "CALCULATING CALIBRATION CONSTANTS,
```

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Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
PLEASE WAIT"
                  'CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR ALL PRIME GAGES
960
     GOSUB 2100
                  'CONVERT COUNTS TO FORCES
970
     GOSUB 2640
980 GOSUB 3180 'CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
990 REM
1000 REM STORE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS
1010 OPEN "C:CONST" FOR OUTPUT AS #1
      WRITE #1, INCALL, INCALD, INCALY, INCALPM, INCALYM, INCALRM
1020
      WRITE #1, K1LPOS, K2LPOS, K1DPOS, K2DPOS, K1YPOS, K2YPOS
1040
1050
      WRITE #1, K1PMPOS, K2PMPOS, K1YMPOS, K2YMPOS, K1RMPOS,
      K2RMPOS
      WRITE #1, Kllneg, K2LNEG, K1DNEG, K2DNEG, K1YNEG, K2YNEG
1060
      WRITE #1, K1PMNEG, K2PMNEG, K1YMNEG, K2YMNEG, K1RMNEG,
1070
      K2RMNEG
      WRITE #1, DDDL1P, DDDL2P, DYDL1P, DYDL2P, DPMDL1P, DPMDL2P
1080
      , DYMDL1P, DYMDL2P
      WRITE #1, DRMDL1P, DRMDL2P
1090
      WRITE #1, DLDD1P, DLDD2P, DYDD1P, DYDD2P, DPMDD1P, DPMDD2P
1100
      , DYMDD1P, DYMDD2P
      WRITE #1, DRMDD1P, DRMDD2P
1110
      WRITE #1, DLDY1P, DLDY2P, DDDY1P, DDDY2P, DPMDY1P, DPMDY2P
1120
      , DYMDY1P, DYMDY2P
1130
      WRITE #1, DRMDY1P, DRMDY2P
      WRITE #1, DLDPM1P, DLDPM2P, DDDPM1P, DDDPM2P, DYDPM1P, DYD
1140
      PM2P, DYMDPM1P, DYMDPM2P
1150
      WRITE #1, DRMDPM1P, DRMDPM2P
1160
      WRITE #1, DLDYM1P, DLDYM2P, DDDYM1P, DDDYM2P, DYDYM1P, DYD
      YM2P, DPMDYM1P, DPMDYM2P
1170
      WRITE #1, DRMDYM1P, DRMDYM2P
      WRITE #1, DLDRM1P, DLDRM2P, DDDRM1P, DDDRM2P, DYDRM1P, DYD
1180
      RM2P, DPMDRM1P, DPMDRM2P
1190
      WRITE #1, DYMDRM1P, DYMDRM2P
      WRITE #1,DDDL1N,DDDL2N,DYDL1N,DYDL2N,DPMDL1N,DPMDL2N
       , DYMDLlN, DYMDL2N
1210
      WRITE #1, DRMDL1N, DRMDL2N
      WRITE #1, DLDD1N, DLDD2N, DYDD1N, DYDD2N, DPMDD1N, DPMDD2N
1220
       , DYMDDlN, DYMDD2N
1230
      WRITE #1, DRMDD1N, DRMDD2N
1240
      WRITE #1,DLDY1N,DLDY2N,DDDY1N,DDDY2N,DPMDY1N,DPMDY2N
       , DYMDY1N, DYMDY2N
1250
      WRITE #1, DRMDY1N, DRMDY2N
1260
      WRITE #1, DLDPM1N, DLDPM2N, DDDPM1N, DDDPM2N, DYDPM1N, DYD
       PM2N, DYMDPM1N
1270
      WRITE #1, DYMDPM2N, DRMDPM1N, DRMDPM2N
1280
      WRITE #1, DLDYM1N, DLDYM2N, DDDYM1N, DDDYM2N, DYDYM1N, DYD
       YM2N.DPMDYM1N
1290
       WRITE #1, DPMDYM2N, DRMDYM1N, DRMDYM2N
1300
       WRITE #1, DLDRM1N, DLDRM2N, DDDRM1N, DDDRM2N, DYDRM1N, DYD
       RM2N, DPMDRM1N
```

WRITE #1.DPMDRM2N.DYMDRM1N.DYMDRM2N

```
1320 CLOSE #1
1330 CLS: LOCATE 10,5
1340 PRINT " CALIBRATION COMPLETE"
1350
1360
      REM
1370
      REM
1380 REM---RECORD CALIBRATION DATA-
1401 COLOR 15,1: KEY OFF: CLS
1402 PRINT "CALIBRATION FOR THE LOADING OF THE "; FILE$;"
      COMPONENT"
1403 PRINT: INPUT "AFTER ALL AMPLIFIERS ARE ZEROED PRESS
     RETURN";X
1404 CLS
1405 PRINT "
               ZD
                           ZL
                                    ZY
                                                ZPM
                                                           ZYM
      ZRM "
1406 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1407 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1408 CALL AINSC(ADAPT*, DEVICE*, CHANLO*, CHANHI*, CTRL*, MODE*
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1409 \text{ ZD} = 0:\text{ZPM}=0:\text{ZL}=0:\text{ZYM}=0
1410 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1411 FOR J = 0 TO 396 STEP 4
1412 DAT(J) = (DAT^{(3)}/204.8) - 10
1413 ZD = ZD + DAT(J)
1414 NEXT J
1415 \text{ ZD} = \text{ZD}/100
1416 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
1417 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8)-10
1418 \text{ ZL} = \text{ZL} + \text{DAT}(J)
1419 NEXT J
1420 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1421 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) - 10
1422 \text{ ZPM} = \text{ZPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1423 NEXT J
1424 \text{ FOR } J = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1425 \text{ DAT}(J) = (DAT^{(J)}/204.8) - 10
1426 \text{ ZYM} = \text{ZYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1427 NEXT J
1428 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1429 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1430 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1431 ZY =0:ZRM=0
1432 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1435 FOR J = 0 TO 198 STEP 2
1436 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
1437 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1438 NEXT J
```

```
1439 \text{ ZRM} = \text{ZRM}/100
1440 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 199 \text{ STEP } 2
1441 DAT1(J)=(DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
1442 ZY = ZY + DATI(J)
1443 NEXT J
1444 ZL=ZL/100:ZPM=ZPM/100:ZYM=ZYM/100:ZY=ZY/100
1445 LOCATE 3,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; ZD: LOCATE 3,10: PRI
     NT USING "+#.##";ZL
1446 LOCATE 3,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZY
1447 LOCATE 3,28: PRINT USING "+#.##"; ZPM
1448 LOCATE 3,37: PRINT USING "+#.##";ZYM
1449 LOCATE 3,46: PRINT USING "+#.##"; ZRM
1451 REM
1452 PRINT: PRINT
1453 INPUT "AFTER PLACING ALL CAL SWITCHES TO + SETTING HIT
     RETURN"; X
1454 PRINT
1455 PRINT " CALD
                          CLL
                                  CALY
                                             CALPM
                                                         CALYM
      CALRM"
1456 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1457 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1458 CALL AINSC (ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1459 CALD=0:CLL=0:CALYM=0:CALPM=0
1460 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1461 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
1462 DAT(J) = (DAT(J)/204.8) -10
1463 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD} + \text{DAT}(J)
1464 NEXT J
1465 \text{ CALD} = \text{CALD}/100
1466 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 397 \text{ STEP } 4
1467 DAT(J) = (DAT^{(J)}/204.8) - 10
1468 \text{ CLL} = \text{CLL} + \text{DAT}(J)
1469 NEXT J
1470 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1471 DAT(J)=(DAT(J)/204.8)-10
1472 \text{ CALPM} = \text{CALPM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1473 NEXT J
1474 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1475 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) - 10
1476 \text{ CALYM} = \text{CALYM} + \text{DAT}(J)
1477 NEXT J
1478 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1479 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1480 CALL AINSC(ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1481 CALY =0:CALRM=0
1482 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
```

```
1485 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 198 \text{ STEP } 2
1486 DAT1(J)=(DAT1^{*}(J)/204.8)-10
1487 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1488 NEXT J
1489 \text{ CALRM} = \text{CALRM}/100
1490 FOR J = 1 TO 199 STEP 2
1491 DAT1(J) = (DAT1^{*}(J)/204.8) -10
1492 \text{ CALY} = \text{CALY} + \text{DAT1}(J)
1493 NEXT J
1494 CLL=CLL/100:CALPM=CALPM/100:CALYM=CALYM/100:CALY=CALY
1495 LOCATE 10,1: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALD
1496 LOCATE 10,10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CLL
1497 LOCATE 10,19: PRINT USING "+#.##"; CALY
1498 LOCATE 10,28: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALPM
1499 LOCATE 10,37: PRINT USING "+#.###"; CALYM
1500 LOCATE 10,46: PRINT USING "+#.##"; CALRM
1501 REM
1502 REM
        IF I = 1 THEN INCALL = CLL - ZL
1503
         IF I = 2 THEN INCALD = CALD - ZD
1510
         IF I = 3 THEN INCALY = CALT - ZY
1520
1530
         IF I = 4 THEN INCALPM = CALPM - ZPM
1540
         IF I = 5 THEN INCALYM = CALYM - ZYM
         IF I = 6 THEN INCALRM = CALRM - ZRM
1550
1611 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS ENTER (RETURN) TO CONTINUE"; X
1620 CLS: PRINT "RETURN ALL CAL SWITCHES TO CENTER POSITION"
1630 PRINT:
1640 PRINT "LOAD THE "; FILE$; " GAGE FROM 0 TO 20 POUNDS AND
     THFN BACK TO O"
1650 PRINT "POUNDS IN 1 POUND INCREMENTS. THERE SHOULD BE
     TWO READINGS FOR"
1660 PRINT "EACH POUND WEIGHT EXCEPT FOR THE LOAD AT 20
     POUNDS WHICH WILL HAVE"
1670 PRINT "ONLY ONE READING"
1680 PRINT
1690 PRINT "PRESS THE F1 KEY WHEN THE LOADING IS FINISHED"
1700 PRINT "PRESS THE F2 KEY WHEN READY TO RECORD THE DATA
     FOR THAT LOAD"
1701 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS ENTER (RETURN) TO CONTINUE"; X
1702 CLS
1703 PRINT " DRAG
                        LIFT
                                  YAW
                                            PITCH
                                                       YAW
     ROLL
1704 PRINT "
                                             MOM.
                                                       MOM.
     MOM. "
1710 \text{ SOAP} = 0: N=4
1720 \text{ FOR } K = 1 \text{ TO } 100
1730 ON KEY(1) GOSUB 1830
                                 'SET STOP FLAG
1740 ON KEY(2) GOSUB 1841
                                 'RECOND DATA
1750 KEY(1) ON: KEY(2) ON
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
1760 IF SOAP = 2 THEN GOTO 1780
1770 IF SOAP = 1 THEN GOTO 1920
1775 GOTO 1730
1780 \text{ SOAP} = 0
1790 NOD% = K
1800 NEXT K
1810 GOTO 1920
1830 REM SET STOP FLAG
1838 \text{ SOAP} = 1
1839 RETURN
1840 REM STEPS TO RECORD DATA
1841 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1842 ADAPT%= 0: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=3
1843 CALL AINSC (ADAPT*, DEVICE*, CHANLO*, CHANHI*, CTRL*, MODE*
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT%(0),STAT%)
1844 D(K) = 0: L(K) = 0: YM(K) = 0: PM(K) = 0
1845 IF STAT%<> 0, THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1846 \text{ FOR } J = 0 \text{ TO } 396 \text{ STEP } 4
1847 DAT(J) = (DAT^{3}(J)/204.8) - 10
1848 D(K) = D(K) + DAT(J)
1849 NEXT J
1850 D(K) = D(K)/100
1851 FOR J = 1 TO 397 STEP 4
1852 DAT(J)=(DAT(J)/204.8)-10
1853 L(K) = L(K) + DAT(J)
1854 NEXT J
1855 \text{ FOR J} = 2 \text{ TO } 398 \text{ STEP } 4
1856 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8) - 10
1857 \text{ PM}(K) = \text{PM}(K) + \text{DAT}(J)
1858 NEXT J
1859 \text{ FOR J} = 3 \text{ TO } 399 \text{ STEP } 4
1860 DAT(J) = (DAT^{*}(J)/204.8)-10
1861 YM(K) = YM(K) + DAT(J)
1862 NEXT J
1863 STAT%=0: MODE%=0: STOR%=0: COUNT=100: RATE=500
1864 ADAPT%= 1: DEVICE%= 9: CHANLO%= 0: CTRL%= 0: CHANHI%=1
1865 CALL AINSC (ADAPT%, DEVICE%, CHANLO%, CHANHI%, CTRL%, MODE%
      ,STOR%,COUNT,RATE,DAT1%(0),STAT%)
1866 Y(K) = 0:RM(K) = 0
1867 IF STAT%<> 0 THEN PRINT USING "EXECUTION ERROR ###";
      STAT%: END
1868 \text{ FOR J} = 0 \text{ TO } 198 \text{ STEP } 2
1869 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8) - 10
1870 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K) + \text{DATl}(J)
1871 NEXT J
1872 \text{ RM}(K) = \text{RM}(K)/100
1873 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 199 \text{ STEP } 2
1874 DAT1(J) = (DAT1%(J)/204.8)-10
1875 Y(K) = Y(K) + DAT1(J)
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
1876 NEXT J
1877 L(K) = L(K)/100: PM(K) = PM(K)/100: YM(K) = YM(K)/100: Y(K) = Y(K)
           K)/100
             IF N> 23 THEN N=4:CLS:PRINT " DRAG
                                                                                                       LIFT
                                                                                                                              YAW
1878
                                                       ROLL ":PRINT "
             PITCH
                                     YAW
                                                           MOM. "
                  MOM.
                                        MOM.
1879 LOCATE N,1: PRINT USING "+#.###";D(K)
1880 LOCATE N,10: PRINT USING "+#.###"; L(K)
1881 LOCATE N,19: PRINT USING "+#.##";Y(K)
1882 LOCATE N, 28: PRINT USING "+#.##"; PM(K)
1883 LOCATE N,37: PRINT USING "+#.##";YM(K)
1884 LOCATE N,46: PRINT USING "+#.##"; RM(K)
1885 N=N+1
1900 SOAP = 2
                                 'GO BACK FOR NEXT DATA POINT
1910 RETURN
1920 '---CORRECT FOR DRIFT-----
1921 DIFFL = (L(NOD^*)-L(1)): DIFFD=(D(NOD^*)-D(1)):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1)):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFY=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-D(1))):DIFFO=(Y(D(NOD^*)-
           NOD)-Y(1))
1922 DIFFPM=(PM(NOD%)-PM(1)):DIFFYM=(YM(NOD%)-YM(1)):DIFFR
           M=(RM(NOD^*)-RM(1))
1923 D=NOD%-1
1924 CORL=DIFFL/D:CORD=DIFFD/D:CORY=DIFFY/D:CORPM=DIFFPM/D
            :CORYM=DIFFYM/D:CORRM=DIFFRM/D
1925 A=1
1926 FOR K = 2 TO NOD%
1927
                L(K) = L(K) - (A*CORL)
                D(K) = D(K) - (A*CORD)
1928
1929
                Y(K) = Y(K) - (A*CORY)
1930
                PM(K) = PM(K) - (A * CORPM)
                YM(K) = YM(K) - (A*CORYM)
1931
1932
                RM(K) = RM(K) - (A * CORRM)
1933
                A = A+1
1934 NEXT K
1935 '---WRITE DATA TO FILE----
1940 FILE$ = "C:"+FILE$
1950 OPEN FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
1960 WRITE #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, NOD%
1970 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
1971 IF I=1 OR I=2 OR I=3 THEN GOTO 2079
1972 IF I=7 OR I=8 OR I=9 THEN GOTO 2067
1976 \text{ LBS} = 0
1977 FOR J = 1 TO 11
1978
                  IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN D1=20
                   IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN D1=4.5
1979
1980
                   IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN D1=11.5
1981
                  MOM = LBS*Dl 'CONVERT TO MOMENTS
1982
                   IF I=10 OR I=11 OR I=12 THEN MOM=MOM*(-1)
1983
                   WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),MOM
1984
                   LBS = LBS+1
                  NEXT J
1985
```

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Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
.1986 LBS = 9
1987 FOR J = 12 TO NOD%
         IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN D1=20
         IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN D1=4.5
1989
         IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN D1=11.5
1990
         MOM = LBS*Dl 'CONVERT TO MOMENTS
1991
         IF I=10 OR I=11 OR I=12 THEN MOM=MOM*(-1)
 1992
         WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),MOM
 1993
 1994
         LBS = LBS-1
         NEXT J
 1995
 1996 CLOSE #1
                 'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
 1997 RETURN
 2067 LBS = 0
 2068 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 21
         WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
 2069
 2070
         LBS = LBS - 1
         NEXT J
 2071
 2072 LBS = -19
 2073 FOR J = 22 TO NOD%
         WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
 2074
         LBS = LBS + 1
 2075
 2076
         NEXT J
 2077 CLOSE #1
                 'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
 2078 RETURN
 2079 \text{ LBS} = 0
 2080 \text{ FOR J} = 1 \text{ TO } 21
          WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
 2081
          LBS = LBS + 1
 2082
          NEXT J
 2083
 2084 LBS = 19
 2085 FOR J = 22 TO NOD%
          WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS
 2086
          LBS = LBS - 1
 2087
 2088
          NEXT J
 2089 CLOSE #1
                  'GO BACK TO SET UP NEXT CALIBRATION
 2090 RETURN
 2100 REM-----
 2110 REM CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR PRIME GAGES
 2120 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO } 12
          IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
 2130
          IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
 2140
          IF I = 3 THEN FILE$ = "YAWP"
  2150
             I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
  2160
          IF
                    THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
          IF
             I = 5
  2170
                    THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
  2180
          IF
             I = 6
                    THEN FILES = "LIFTN"
  2190
          IF
             I = 7
          IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
  2200
          IF I = 9 THEN FILE$ = "YAWN"
  2210
          IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
  2220
          IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
  2230
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
2240
2250 GOSUB 2295 'READ FILES AND PERFORM CALCULATIONS
2260 NEXT I
2270 RETURN
                'GO BACK TO CONVERT COUNTS
2280 REM
2290 REM
2295 A=0:B=0:C=0:D=0:E=0:
2300 OPEN "C:"+FILES FOR INPUT AS #2
2310 INPUT #2,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
2320 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
2340 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2350
        INPUT #2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
2360
            IF I = 1 OR I = 7 THEN X = L(J)
2370
            IF I = 2 OR I = 8 THEN X = D(J)
            IF I = 3 OR I = 9 THEN X = Y(J)
2380
            IF I = 4 OR I = 10 THEN X = PM(J)
2390
2400
            IF I = 5 OR I = 11 THEN X = YM(J)
2410
            IF I = 6 OR I = 12 THEN X = RM(J)
2420
       A = A + (X^2)
       B = B + (X^3)
2430
        C = C + (X^4)
2440
        D = D + (X*LBS(J))
2450
        E = E + (X*X*LBS(J))
2460
2470
        NEXT J
2480 CLOSE #2
2490 K2 = ((D/A)-(E/B))/((B/A)-(C/B))
2500 K1 = (D/A) - (K2*(B/A))
2510 IF I = 1 THEN K1LPOS = K1: K2LPOS = K2
2520 IF I = 2 THEN K1DPOS = K1: K2DPOS = K2
2530 IF I = 3 THEN K1YPOS = K1: K2YPOS = K2
2540 IF I = 4 THEN K1PMPOS = K1: K2PMPOS = K2
2550 IF I = 5 THEN Klympos = Kl: K2YMPOS = K2
2560 IF I = 6 THEN K1RMPOS = K1: K2RMPOS = K2
2570 IF I = 7 THEN KILNEG = K1: K2LNEG = K2
2580 IF I = 8 THEN K1DNEG = K1: K2DNEG = K2
2590 IF I = 9 THEN Klyneg = K1: K2YNEG = K2
2600 IF I = 10 THEN K1PMNEG = K1: K2PMNEG = K2
2610 IF I = 11 THEN KLYMNEG = K1: K2YMNEG = K2
2620 IF I = 12 THEN K1RMNEG = K1: K2RMNEG = K2
2630 RETURN 'GO BACK TO CALCULATE K1&K2 FOR NEXT FILE
2640 REM-----
2650 REM CONVERT COUNTS TO FORCES
2660 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO } 12
        IF I = 1 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTP"
2670
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
2680
        IF I = 3 THEN FILES = "YAWP"
2690
        IF I = 4 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMP"
2700
2710
        IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
2720
        IF I = 6 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMP"
2730
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
2740
           I = 9 THEN FILE$ = "YAWN"
2750
        IF
           I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
2760
        IF
2770
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
        IF I = 12 THEN FILE$ = "ROLLMN"
2780
2790 GOSUB 2835
                   'READ IN FILE AND CONVERT
2800 NEXT I
                'GO BACK TO CALCULATE INTERACTON CONSTANTS
2810 RETURN
2820 REM
2830 REM
2835 A=0:B=0:C=0:D=0:E=0:F=0
2840 OPEN "C:"+FILES FOR INPUT AS #2
2850 INPUT #2,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
2860 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
2870 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
2880
        INPUT #2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
2890
        A=((INCALL/CLL-ZL)*(L(J)-ZL))
2900
        B=((INCALD/CALD-ZD)*(D(J)-ZD))
2910
        C = ((INCALY/CALY-ZY)*(Y(J)-ZY))
2920
        D=((INCALPM/CALPM-ZPM)*(PM(J)-ZPM))
2930
        E=((INCALYM/CALYM-ZYM)*(YM(J)-ZYM))
2940
        F=((INCALRM/CALRM-ZRM)*(RM(J)-ZRM))
2950
        IF L(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1LNEG: K2 = K2LNEG ELSE K1
        = K1LPOS:K2 = K2LPOS
2960
        L(J)=(K1*A) + (K2*(A^2))
2970
        IF D(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1DNEG: K2 = K2DNEG ELSE K1
        = KlDPOS:K2 = K2DPOS
        D(J)=(K1*B) + (K2*(B^2))
2980
2990
        IF Y(J) < 0 THEN K1 = K1YNEG: K2 = K2YNEG ELSE K1
        = K1YPOS:K2 = K2YPOS
        Y(J) = (K1*C) + (K2*(C^2))
3000
3010
        IF PM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1PMNEG: K2=K2PMNEG ELSE K1=K1
        PMPOS: K2=K2PMPOS
3020
        PM(J) = (K1*D) + (K2*(D^2))
3030
        IF YM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1YMNEG: K2=K2YMNEG ELSE K1=K1
        YMPOS: K2=K2YMPOS
3040
        YM(J) = (K1*E) + (K2*(E^2))
        IF RM(J) < 0 THEN K1=K1RMNEG: K2=K2RMNEG ELSE K1=K1
3050
        RMPOS: K2=K2RMPOS
3060
        RM(J) = (K1*F) + (K2*(F^2))
3070
        NEXT J
3080 CLOSE #2
3090 REM SAVE CONVERTED COUNTS
3100 OPEN "B:"+FILE$ FOR OUTPUT AS #1
3110 WRITE #1, ZL, ZD, ZY, ZPM, ZYM, ZRM, NOD%
3120 WRITE #1, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
3130 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
3140
        WRITE \#1,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
3150
        NEXT J
3155 CLOSE #1
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
'GO BACK TO CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
3160 RETURN
3170 REM----
3180 REM CALCULATE INTERACTION CONSTANTS
3190 FOR I = 1 TO 12
        IF I = 1 THEN FILES = "LIFTP"
3200
3210
        IF I = 2 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGP"
        IF I = 3 THEN FILE$ = "YAWP"
3220
        IF
           I = 4 THEN FILES = "PITCHMP"
3230
        IF I = 5 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMP"
3240
        IF I = 6 THEN FILES = "ROLLMP"
3250
3260
        IF I = 7 THEN FILE$ = "LIFTN"
        IF I = 8 THEN FILE$ = "DRAGN"
3270
3280
        IF I = 9 THEN FILES = "YAWN"
        IF I = 10 THEN FILE$ = "PITCHMN"
3290
        IF I = 11 THEN FILE$ = "YAWMN"
3300
        IF I = 12 THEN FILES = "ROLLMN"
3320 GOSUB 3365 'READ IN FILES AND CALCULATE CONSTANTS
3330 NEXT I
3340 RETURN
                'GO BACK TO SAVE CALIBRATION DATA
3350 REM
3360 REM
3365 A=0:B=0:C=0:D1=0:D2=0:D3=0:D4=0:D5=0:E1=0:E2=0:E3=0:E
     4=0:E5=0
3370 OPEN "B:"+FILE$ FOR INPUT AS #2
3380 INPUT #2,ZL,ZD,ZY,ZPM,ZYM,ZRM,NOD%
3390 INPUT #2, CLL, CALD, CALY, CALPM, CALYM, CALRM
3410 FOR J = 1 TO NOD%
3420
        INPUT #2,L(J),D(J),Y(J),PM(J),YM(J),RM(J),LBS(J)
3430
        IF I=1 OR I=7 THEN X=L(J):Y1=D(J):Y2=Y(J):Y3=PM(J)
     :Y4=YM(J):Y5=RM(J)
        IF I=2 OR I=8 THEN X=D(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=Y(J):Y3=PM(J)
3440
     :Y4=YM(J):Y5=RM(J)
        IF I=3 OR I=9 THEN X=Y(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=PM(J)
3450
     :Y4=YM(J):Y5=RM(J)
3460
        IF I=4 OR I=10 THEN X=PM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
     :Y4=YM(J):Y5=RM(J)
3470
        IF I=5 OR I=11 THEN X=YM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
     :Y4=PM(J):Y5=RM(J)
3480
        IF I=6 OR I=12 THEN X=RM(J):Y1=L(J):Y2=D(J):Y3=Y(J)
     :Y4=PM(J):Y5=YM(J)
3490
        A = A + (X^2)
        B = B + (X^3)
3500
3510
        C = C + (X^4)
        D1 = D1 + (X*Y1)
3520
        E1 = E1 + ((X^2)*Y1)
3530
3540
        D2 = D2 + (X*Y2)
        E2 = E2 + ((X^2)*Y2)
3550
        D3 = D3 + (X*Y3)
3560
357 J
        E3 = E3 + ((X^2)*Y3)
3580
        D4 = D4 + (X*Y4)
```

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

```
3590
        E4 = E4 + ((X^2)*Y4)
        D5 = D5 + (X*Y5)
3600
3610
        E5 = E5 + ((X^2)*Y5)
        NEXT J
3620
3630 CLOSE #2
3640 \text{ K12} = ((D1/A) - (E1/B)) / ((B/A) - (C/B))
3650 \text{ Kll} = (D1/A) - (K12*(B/A))
3660 K22 =
            ((D2/A)-(E2/B))/((B/A)-(C/B))
3670 \text{ K21} = (D2/A) - (K22*(B/A))
3680 \text{ K32} = ((D3/A) - (E3/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3690 \text{ K31} = (D3/A) - (K32*(B/A))
3700 \text{ K42} = ((D4/A) - (E4/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3710 \text{ K41} = (D4/A) - (K42*(B/A))
3720 \text{ K52} = ((D5/A) - (E5/B))/((B/A) - (C/B))
3730 \text{ K51} = (D5/A) - (K52*(B/A))
3740 IF I=1 THEN DDDL1P=K11:DDDL2P=K12:DYDL1P=K21:DYDL2P=K
     22:DPMDL1P=K31
3750 IF I=1 THEN DPMDL2P=K32:DYMDL1P=K41:DYMDL2P=K42:DRMDL
     1P=K51: DRMDL2P=K52
3760 IF I=2 THEN DLDD1P=K11:DLDD2P=K12:DYDD1P=K21:DYDD2P=K
     22:DPMDD1P=K31
3770 IF I=2 THEN DPMDD2P=K32:DYMDD1P=K41:DYMDD2P=K42:DRMDD
     1P=K51:DRMDD2P=K52
3780 IF I=3 THEN DLDY1P=K11:DLDY2P=K12:DDDY1P=K21:DDDY2P=K
     22:DPMDY1P=K31
3790 IF I=3 THEN DPMDY2P=K32:DYMDY1P=K41:DYMDY2P=K42:DRMDY
     1P=K51: DRMDY2P=K52
3800 IF I=4 THEN DLDPM1P=K11:DLDPM2P=K12:DDDPM1P=K21:DDDPM
     2P=K22:DYDPM1P=K31
3810 IF I=4 THEN DYDPM2P=K32:DYMDPM1P=K41:DYMDPM2P=K42:DRM
     DPM1P=K51: DRMDPM2P=K52
3820 IF I=5 THEN DLDYM1P=K11:DLDYM2P=K12:DDDYM1P=K21:DDDYM
     2P=K22:DYDYM1P=K31
3830 IF I=5 THEN DYDYM2P=K32:DPMDYM1P=K41:DPMDYM2P=K42:DRM
     DYM1P=K51:DRMDYM2P=K52
3840 IF I=6 THEN DLDRM1P=K11:DLDRM2P=K12:DDDRM1P=K21:DDDRM
     2P=K22:DYDRM1P=K31
3850 IF I=6 THEN DYDRM2P=K32:DPMDRM1P=K41:DPMDRM2P=K42:DYM
     DRM1P=K51: DYMDRM2P=K52
3860 IF I=7 THEN DDDL1N=K11:DDDL2N=K12:DYDL1N=K21:DYDL2N=K
     22:DPMDL1N=K31
3870 IF I=7 THEN DPMDL2N=K32:DYMDL1N=K41:DYMDL2N=K42:DRMDL
     1N=K51: DRMDL2N=K52
3880 IF I=8 THEN DLDD1N=K11:DLDD2N=K12:DYDD1N=K21:DYDD2N=K
     22:DPMDD1N=K31
3890 IF I=8 THEN DPMDD2N=K32:DYMDD1N=K41:DYMDD2N=K42:DRMDD
     1N=K51: DRMDD2N=K52
3900 IF I=9 THEN DLDY1N=K11:DLDY2N=K12:DDDY1N=K21:DDDY2N=K
     22:DPMDY1N=K31
3910 IF I=9 THEN DPMDY2N=K32:DYMDY1N=K41:DYMDY2N=K42:DRMDY
```

- 1N=K51: DRMDY2N=K52
- 3920 IF I=10 THEN DLDPM1N=K11:DLDPM2N=K12:DDDPM1N=K21:DDDP M2N=K22:DYDPM1N=K31
- 3930 IF I=10 THEN DYDPM2N=K32:DYMDPM1N=K41:DYMDPM2N=K42:DR MDPM1N=K51
- 3940 IF I=10 THEN DRMDPM2N=K52
- 3950 IF I=11 THEN DLDYM1N=K11:DLDYM2N=K12:DDDYM1N=K21:DDDY M2N=K22:DYDYM1N=K31
- 3960 IF I=11 THEN DYDYM2N=K32:DPMDYM1N=K41:DPMDYM2N=K42:DR MDYM1N=K51
- 3970 IF I=11 THEN DRMDYM2N=K52
- 3980 IF I=12 THEN DLDRM1N=K11:DLDRM2N=K12:DDDRM1N=K21:DDDR M2N=K22:DYDRM1N=K31
- 3990 IF I=12 THEN DYDRM2N=K32:DPMDRM1N=K41:DPMDRM2N=K42:DY MDRM1N=K51
- 4000 IF I=12 THEN DYMDRM2N=K52

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4010 RETURN 'GOBACK TO SAVE CALIBRATION DATA

Figure A.16 BALCAL.BAS (cont.)

APPENDIX B

INITIAL SET-UP FOR THE MODEL 8255 TRANSDUCER AMPLIFIER

Amp. #	Component	Gain Set.	Filter Set.	Ex. Volt.
1	DRAG	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
2	LIFT	MAX VAR.	1	+6.5
3	PITCH M.	. 1K	1	+5.0
4	YAW M.	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
5	ROLL M.	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
6	WAY	MAX VAR.	1	+5.0
7	AOA	1K	1	+5.0

Table B.1 Amplifier Set-Up

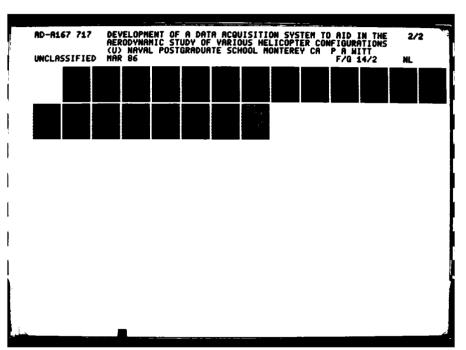
1	LBS.	000.0	1.000	2.000	3.000	4.000	5.000	9.000	7.000	B. 000	9.000	10.000	11.000	12.000	13.000	14.000	15.000	16.000	17.000	18.000	19.000	20.000	19.000	1B.000	17.000	16.000	15.000	14.000	13.000	12.000
	KM INLBS.	0.186	14.516	29.482	43.893	59.583	73.570	88.797	104.396	119.488	135.242	152.621	167.287	183.977	200.527	216.548	233.051	250.094	266.391	283.582	300.855	316.969	301.018	284.159	266.569	250.179	233,317	216.317	0.85	184.612
	INLBS.	0.004	0.287	0.625	0.912	1.278	1.607	1.854	2.217	2.589	2.963	3,110	3.441	3.812	4.125	4.458	4.798	5.111	5.411	5.768						157	785	4.570	•00	3.864
	INLBS.	-0.011	0.378	0.891	1.435	1.874	2.713	3,158	3.596	4.368	4.782	5.261	5.818	6.286	6.754	7.583	8.123	8.699	9.320	9.872	10.391	11,033	10.611	9.914	9.537	8.877	8.168	4	6.991	6.782
,	√ LBS.	-0.007	0.045	0.049	0.105	0.127	0.153	0.242	0.158	0.192	0.248	0.242	0.351	0.399	0.316	0.479	0.494	0.468	0.544	0.520	0.669	0.553	0.586	0.536	0.476	0.429	0.487	0.519	•	0.369
	D LBS.	0.113	•	-2.601		-5.052	-6.129	-7.449	-8.869	-10.076	-11.329	-12.496	-14.106	-15.140	-16.199	-17.125	-18.477	-19.601	-21.004	-22.130	-23.641	-24.989	-23,486	-22.140	-20.774	-19.346	-18.680	-17.414	-16.133	-15.067
	L LBS.	-0.071	0.280	1.585	•	2.848	4.271	5.375	6.020	7.221	7.526	8.937	9.933	ं	12.029	12.926	12.718	15.056	16.137	17.027	18.145	19.308	18.069	17.189	16.028	15.428	13.816	13,337	12.021	:

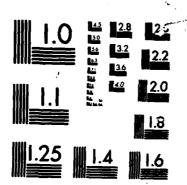
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Table B.2 Loading for Positive Lift

LOADS LBS.	11.000	10.000	9.000	B. 000	7.000	000.9	5.000	4.000	3.000	2.000	1.000	000
RM 3. INLBS.	167.852	152.598	135.368	119.388	104.478	89.744	73.372	60.023	44.615	29.709	14.989	0.186
YM INLBS.	3.451	3,111	2.977	2.539	2.258	1.940	1.681	1.331	1.008	0.664	0.299	0.004
PM INLBS.	5.974	5.521	5.090	4.526	3.930	3,468	3.104	2.234	1.762	1.434	0.676	-0.011
γ LBS.	0.356	0.312	0.337	0.215	0.218	0.201	0.155	0.153	0.095	0.083	0.044	-0.007
D LBS.	-13.455	-12.083	-10.766	-9.671	-8.578	-7.069	-5.886	-4.496	-3.641	-2.358	-1.266	0.113
LBS.	10.546	8.900	8.123	7.659	6.445	5.031	4.466	3,732	2.653	1.772	0.562	-0.071

Table B.2 (cont.)





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LOADS LBS.	000.0	-1.000	-2.000	-3.000	-4.000	-5.000	-6.000	-7.000	-B. 000	-9.000	-10.000	-11.000	-12.000	-13.000	-14.000	-15.000	-16.000	-17.000	-1B.000	-19.000	-20.000	-19.000	-18.000	-17.000	-16.000	-15.000	-14.000	-13.000	-12.000
RM IN. –L.BS.	0.706	-16.872	-34.542	-51.716	-68.610	-85.823	-103.785	-121.931	-139.943	-158.430	-176.471	-193.887	-212.924	-232.423	-250.647	-268.582	-287.888	-306.602	-326.103	-345.674	-364.848	-346.843	-327.285	-308.430	-288.934	-269.874	-250.898	-231.718	-213.766
YM INLBS.	-0.035	-0.378	-0.870	-1.220	-1.508	-1.905			_	-3,531		_		-5.074				-6.741					-7.074	-6.726	352	_	516		
PM InLBS.	0.045	-0.971	-1.733	-2.269	-3.274	-3,799	-4.476	-5.340	-6.035	-6.650	-7.712	-8.475	-9.073	-9.915	-10.695	-11.271	-12, 181	-12.977	-13.536	-14.373	-15.017	-14.438	-13.515	-13.016	-12.307	-11.367	-10.647	-9.848	-9.298
∟BS.	-0.017	-0.048	-0.067	-0.084	-0.101	-0.123	-0.138	-0.148	-0.171	-0.189	-0.202	-0.219	-0.239	-0.260	-0.268	-0.273	-0.302	-0.311	-0.342	-0.347	-0.362	-0.343	-0.324	-0.315	-0.291	-0.275	-0.260	-0.238	-0.231
D LBS.	0.100	1.268	3.330	4.523	6.070	7.794	9.236	10.779	12.783	13.969	14.954	17.002	18.142	20.122	21.659	22.990	24.511	26.181	28.042	29.447	30.984	29.603	28.028	26.287	24.678	23.082	21.942	20.193	18, 221
L LBS.	-0.320	-1.327	-1.621	-2.710	-3.527	-4.738	-5.426	-5.962	-6.863	-7.750	-9.176	10.108	10.618	11.172	12.466	14.763	15.194	15.222	17.686	18.451	18.887	18.320	17.685	16.401	14.732	14.621	13.548	11.538	11.140

Table B.3 Loading for Negative Lift

74446	LOADS	LBS.	-11.000	-10.000	-9.000	-B.000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3.000	-2.000	-1.000	000.
	T.	INLBS.	-195.012	-177.525	-158.393	-140.009	-122.401	-104.339	-86.772	-68.951	-52.168	-33.987	•	0.706
a cocces	E>	INLBS.	-4.345	-3.871	-3.560			-2.350			-1.175	-0.789	-0.454	-0.035
	Md	INLBS.	-8.528	-7.825	-6.761	-6.053	-5.317	-4.467	-3.946	-3.249	-2.276	-1.613	-1.019	0.045
	>	LBS.	-0.220	-0.189	-0.174	-0.162	-0.149	-0.121	-0.111	-0.082	-0.066	-0.055	-0.045	-0.017
	a	LBS.	17, 183	15, 609	13,805	12,775	10, 903	9.379	7.697	6.110	4.588	3.567	1.625	0.100
	_	LBS.	-9.829	-A. 189	-B. 427	-7.429	4- 233	-5.430	-4.382	-3.342	-3.271	-2.342	-0.866	-0.320
			Ta	bl	e	В	. 3	1	(c	on	ıt.	.)		
33334983							9	7						
					i.	Ţ,	<u>>,</u>	: :		V.	<i>,</i>			<u> </u>

Table B.3 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000	2.000	3.000	4.000	5.000	9.000	7.000	В. 000	9.000	10.000	11.000	12.000	13.000	14.000	15.000	16.000	17.000	18.000	19.000	20.000	19.000	18.000	17.000	16.000	15.000	14.000	13.000	12.000
RM INLBS.	-0.213	0.109	0.442	0.363	0.644	1.058	1.445	1.871	2.325	2.299	2.327	3,325	3.698	3.726	4.644	5.416	5.589	4.722	5.255	5.452	5.224	5.608	5.542	5.131	4.508	3.552	3.460	2.729
YM IN, -LBS.	0.000	-0.322	0.019	-0.263	-0.318	-0.466	-0.640	-1.701	-1.907	-2.143	-2.392	-2.617	-2.862	-3.161	-3.176	-3.442	-3,709	-3.797	-4.120	-4.351	-4.143	-3,984	-3.826	-3.464	-3,137	-3.045	-2.962	-2.715
PM INLBS.	0.038	0.093	0.187	0.076	-0.006	0.013	0.003	-0.270	-0.504	-0.326	-0.430	-0.625	-0.792	-1.071	-0.995	-1.206	-1.310	-1.285	-1.344	-1.392	-1.299	-1.330	-1.304	-1.143	-1.055	-0.928	-0.874	-0.651
Y LBS.	-0.016	-0.054	-0.037	-0.064	-0.066	-0.080	-0.089	-0.154	-0.153	-0.173	-0.170	-0.189	-0.164	-0.198	-0.178	-0.196	-0.209	-0.186	-0.209	-0.211	-0.226	-0.230	-0.221	-0.224	-0.190	-0.219	-0.231	-0.200
D LBS.	0.064	2.570	3.640	4.079	4.972	5.636	6.678	9.358	696.6	10.906	11.435	12.786	13.594	14.810	15.565	16.652	17.627	18.299	19.090	20.784	19.611	18.604	18.090	17.036	15, 455	14.847	14.038	12.790
LBS.	0.144	0.063	0.088	-0.409	-0.607	-0.818	-1.108	-1.813	-1.866	-2.733	-4.186	-4.579	-4.202	-4.849	-4.640	-4.720	-5.129	-5.186	-5.685	-6.112	-5.701	-5.305	-5.020	-4.171	-4.431	-4.536	-4.689	-4.359

Table B.4 Loading for Positive Drag

LOADS LBS.	11.000	10.000	9.000	B. 000	7.000	9.000	5.000	4.000	3.000	2.000	1.000	000
RM INLBS.	2.717	2.598	2.613	1.842	0.818	0.992	0.674	-0.111	-0.176	-0.188	-0.347	1000
YM IN. –LBS.	-2.289	-2.100	-1.835	-1.686	-1.442	-1.155	-1.046	-0.826	-0.573	-0.300	-0.116	000
PM INLBS.	-0.309	-0.205	-0.168	-0.114	-0.139	-0.026	0.018	0.054	0.000	0.206	0.073	010
►BS.	-0.184	-0.178	-0.170	-0.156	-0.139	-0.119	-0.120	-0.107	-0.075	-0.059	-0.048	
D LBS.	11.490	10.758	9.849	8.958	7.860	6.379	5.406	4.629	3.881	2.591	1.637	
L LBS.	-3.948	-3.196	-2.793	-2.011	-1.308	-1.224	-1.152	-1.047	-0.603	-0.330	0.118	

Table B.4 (cont.)

LOADS	LBS.	0000	-1.000	-2.000	-3.000	-4.000	-5.000	-6.000	-7.000	-B. 000	-9.000	-10.000	-11.000	-12.000	-13.000	-14.000	-15.000	-16.000	-17.000	-18.000	-19,000	-20.000	-19.000	-18.000	-17.000	-16.000	-15.000	-14.000	-13.000	-12.000
Ę	INLBS.	0.105	1.577	2.934	4.103	5.706	6.613	8.271	10.216	11.656							21.610								23.895	22.722	21.581	20.197	18.803	17.453
£	INLBS.	-0.055	-0.209	-0.241	-0.256	-0.304	-0.211	-0.250	-0.194	-0.178	-0.193	0.156	990.0	0.031	0.188	0.316	0.281	0.372	0.460	0.658	0.573	0.356	0.508	0.518	0.592	0.631	0.867	0.308	0.343	0.416
£	INLBS.	0.021	-0.527	-0.856	-0.987	-1.084	-1.097	-1.143	-1.234	-1.563	-1.847	-1.803	-2.081	-2.252	-2,321	-2.413	-2,561	-2.805	-3.038	-3.084	-3,238	-3.363	-3,30B	-3.106	-2.835	-2.509	-2.351	-2.477	-2,359	-2.163
>	LBS.	0.003	0.007	0.010	0.016	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.016	0.010	0.011	0.023	0.020	0.013	0.022	0.028	0.022	0.026	0.019	0.021	0.034	0.030	0.027	0.030	0.023	0.024	0.023	0.024	0.022	0.016
۵	LBS.	0.128	-0.546	-1.706	-2.447	-3.405	-4.182	-5.573	-6.284	-7.019	-7.862	-9.494	-10.430	-11.191	-12.043	-13,295	-14.414	-15.153	-16.192	-17.759	-18.552	-18.979	-18.488	-17.609	-16.764	-15.817	-15.061	-13,449	-12.477	-1.1.454
_	LBS.	-0.047	-0.268	-0.376	-0.259	-0.334	0.059	O.02B	0.271	0.252												1.611	1.627							

Table B.5 Loading For Negative Drag

LDADS LBS.	-11.000	-10.000	-B. 000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3.000	-2.000	-1.000	000
RM IN. –LBS.		. ccc.11 13.526									
YM IN. –LBS.	0.291	-0.193	-0.056	0.005	-0.295	-0.018	-0.185	-0.180	-0.274	-0.192	-0.055
PM INLBS.	-1.892	-1.636 -1.697	-1.297	-1.156	-1.158	-1.046	-0.860	-0.675	-0.334	-0.055	0.021
, LBS.	0.021	0.011	0.023	0.007	0.011	0.004	0.001	0.009	0.017	0.003	0.003
D LBS.	-10.663	-9. /66 -8. 346	-7.236	-6.647	-5.341	-4.263	-3.582	-2.663	-1.796	-0.502	0.128
LBS.		0.874									

Table B.5 (cont.)

LOADS LBS.	0.000	1.000	2.000	3.000	4.000	5.000	6. 000	7.000	B. 000	9.000	10.000	11.000	12,000	13.000	14.000	15.000	16.000	17.000	18.000	19,000	20.000	19.000	18.000	17.000	16.000	15.000	14.000	13.000
RM INLBS.	0.120	2.045	4.872	6.369	B.063	9.770	11.992	14.249	16.619	18.883	19.868	21.895	24.728	26.277	28.876	30.882	34.085	36.597	38.280	40.188	43,755	42.953	39.051	38.018	34.373	33.498	29.675	27, 194
YM IN. –LBS.	-0.008	-3.126	-6.398	-9.619	-12,859	-16.118	-19.031	-22.242	-25,453	-28.676	-31.652	-34.573	-37.945	-40.886	-43.932	-47.777	-50.103	-53.119	~56.886	-59.750	-62.337	-61.613	-57.049	-55.472	-50,364	-49.057	-44.146	-41.367
PM INLBS.	0.008	-1.108	-2.031	360																-17.679							-13,116	
≺ LBS.	0.002	0.952	1.958	2.973	3.961	4.940	5.946	6.936	7.931	8.974	9.941	10.888	11.901	12.847	13.835	14.861	15.802	16.799	17.783	18.755	19.738	19.477	17.908	17.480	15.904	15.467	13.916	12,990
D LBS.	0.100	1.450	2.770	4.316	5.473	7.485	9.098	10.452	12.019	13,765	15.002	16.649	18.084	19.661	21,630	23.856	25,205	26.471	28.820	30.278	31.940	31,710	28.995	28,391	24.991	24.032	21.817	20.231
L LBS.	0.166	-2.221	-4.584	-B.00B	-10.188	-12.156	-14.632	-17.930	-21.630	-24.214	-27.B02	-30.794	-34.323	-37.631	-41.456	-47.040	-50.053	-52.00B	-58.790	-62.650	-65.594	-64.978	-59.463	-55.590	-50.338	-48.193	-41.215	-37.583

Table B.6 Loading for Positive Yaw

LOADS LBS.	11.000	10.000	9.000	8.000	7.000	6-000		4		200.0	2.000	1.000	
RM INLBS.	23.473	21.584	18.667	16.641	14.574	12.346	10.535	8. 74B	7.00	,,,,,	4.786	2.248	0.120
YM INLBS.	-35.216	-31.984	-28.689	-25.422	-22.570	-19.039	-15.843	-12.944	-9.450		204.01	-3.179	-0.00B
INLBS.	-10.167												
LBS.	11.073	10.141	9.022	8.038	7.143	6.044	5.092	3.997	3.005	0.00 C	1001	0.477	0.002
LBS.	17.109	15.307	13.713	11.942	10.710	9.361	7.227	5.821	4.408	7.227		15/-1	0.100
LBS.	-31.183	-27.492	-23.788	-21.227	-17.927	-14.556	-12.173	-9.954	-7.879	-4.531		2.078	0.166

Table B.6 (cont.)

LOADS	LBB.	0.000	-1.000	-2.000	-3.000	-4.000	-5.000	-6.000	-7.000	-B. 000	-9.000	-10.000	-11.000	-12.000	-13.000	-14.000	-15.000	-16.000	-17.000	-18.000	-19.000	-20.000	-19.000	-1B.000	-17.000	-16.000	-15.000	-14.000	-13.000	-12.000
Ę	INLBS.	0.093	-1.335	-3.260	-5.569	-6.474	-7.712	-8.733	-10.471	-12.095	-13.451	-14.795	-15.909	-17.473	-18.254	-19.292	-21.012	-22.206	-23.491	-25.279	-25.959	-26.666	-26.031	-24.959	-23,205	-22.340	-21.090	-19.248	-18.102	-16.751
E	INLBS.	0.011	2.800	5.865	8.951	12.092	15.341	18.385	21.697	25.109	28.223	31.286	34.161	37.032	40.414	43.732	46.734	49.920	53.449	57.019	59.726	63.041	60.537	57.885	54.100	51.431	47.182	44.132	40.542	37.670
Ξ	INLBS.	0.063	0.814	1.483	2.289	2.978	3.835	4.533	5.425	6.394	7.141	7.938	8.985	9.548	10.347	11.280	12,138	13.090	14.010	15.040	16.051	16.967	16.286	15.610	14.443	13.560	12.463	11.546	10.558	9.826
>	LBS.	0.001	-0.958	-1.967	-2.962	-4.004	-5.002	-5.984	-6.985	-8.079	-9.029	-10.008	-10.882	-11.851	-12.867	-13.817	-14.B34	-15.921	-16.906	-18.014	-18.886	-19.884	-19.095	-18.107	-16.925	-16.093	-14.995	-13.840	-12.946	-11.946
۵	LBS.	0.059	-1.059	-3.017	-3.996	-5.175	-6.789	-B.044	-10.201	-11.360	-12.708	-14.695	-15.702	-17.035	-18.697	-19.892	-21.816	-23.024	-25.086	-26.855	-28.047	-30.189	-28.908	-27.218	-25.538	-24.198	-22.058	-20.316	-18.641	-17.547
نـ	LBS.	-0.055	2.967	5.120	9.351	12.379	15.312	18.821	22.298	25.668	30.029	33.394	37.067	40.183	43.295	48.918	52.645	56.876	61.506	66.405	69.930	74.306	70.803	68.264	62.162	58.846	52.757	49.430	43.593	40.778

Table B.7 Loading for Negative Yaw

LOADS LBS.	-11.000	-10.000	-9.000	-B.000	-7.000	-6.000	-5.000	-4.000	-3,000	-2.000	-1.000	0000
RM INLBS.	-15.773	-14.770	-13,305	-12.264	-10.212	-8.891	-7.661	-6.073	-5.048	-3.386	-1.494	0.093
YM INLBS.	34.940	31.824	27.878	25.056	21.682	18.554	15.600	12.376	9.184	6.175	3.049	0.011
PM INLBS.	9.213	8.389	7.083	6.463	5.484	4.813	4.066	3.138	2.599	1.799	0.887	0.063
, LBS.	-11.075	-10.072	-8.955	-8.010	-7.075	-6.014	-5.069	-4.040	-3.046	-2.037	-0.996	0.001
D LBS.	-15.865	-14.791	-12.187	-11.401	-9.723	-7.830	-6.804	-5.390	-3.991	-2.901	-1.042	0.059
LBS.	37.661	34.570	29.287	26.086	21.526	18.626	15,819	12.420	9.107	5.517	2.913	-0.055

Table B.7 (cont.)

LOADS INLBS.	0000	20,000	40.000	900.09	80,000	100.000	120.000	140.000	160.000	180.000	200,000	180.000	160.000	140.000	120.000	100.000	80.000	000.09	40.000	20,000	000
RM INLBS.	0.080	-11.054	-22.066	-32.834	-43.690	-53.712	-65.525	-76.172	-84.066	-94.863	-105.526	-96.058	-85.026	-75.896	-66.951	-53.868	-43.07B	-31.998	-21.B30	-10.569	0.080
YM INLBG.	-0.009	8.673	17.266	25.624	34.027	42.167	50.777	58.724	66.495	74.174	B2.029	74.735	66.528	58.726	50.817	42.436	34.242	25.635	17.333	8.689	-0.009
PM INLBS.	-0.025	13.012	26.355	40.271	54.581	69.702	85.694	101.923	117.496	134.947	153.081	135.461	117.651	101.846	85.756	69.630	54.721	39.953	26.159	12.768	-0.025
LBS.	-0.001	-0.001	-0.033	-0.058	-0.082	-0.109	-0.123	-0.128	-0.122	-0.186	-0.181	-0.137	-0.133	-0.126	-0.114	-0.040	-0.038	-0.053	-0.039	-0.017	-0.001
D LBS.	0.211	28.547	58.099	87.189	116.142	145.804	176.691	206.900	234.610	265.683	297.252	266.397	235.886	207,251	177.839	146.766	116.353	86.839	59.176	28.496	0.211
L LBS.	0.214	9.468	18.834	29.181	.39.729	51.132	64.056	76.604	88.111	100.781	14.512	01.755	88.159	76.039	63.970	51.714	40.502	29.586	19.403	9.582	0.214

Table B.8 Loading for Positive Pitching Moment

LOADS INLBS.	000	900	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
_	0.000	-40.0	-60.	-80	-100.000	-120	-140	-160.	-180.	-200	-180.	-160	-140.	-120	-100	-80	-60	-40	-20.	ö
RM INLBS.	1.204		25.567																	1.204
YM INLBS.	0.002	-19.304	-28.202	-37.564	-46.601	-55.450	-64.299	-72, 931	-81.501	-90.054	-81.905	-72.143	-64.B33	-55.966	-46.182	-37.366	-28.420	-18.893	-9.698	0.002
PM INLBS.	-0.085	-20.149 -40.398	-59.988	-80.013	-99.914	-119.811	~140.690	-160.273	-180.202	-200.807	-180.564	-160.126	-140.576	-120.342	-99.877	-80.014	-59.783	-40.361	-20.020	-0.085
rBS•	-0.013	0.034	-0.030	-0.051	-0.052	-0.012	-0.005	-0.019	-0.013	-0.016	0.044	-0.052	0.040	-0.167	-0.026	-0.055	-0.00B	-0.04B	-0.025	-0.013
D LBS.	0.053	-22.299	-70.894	-97.552	-124.862	-153.984	-184.075	-213.973	-245,938	-279.220	-246.365	-215.607	-183.924	-154.095	-126.386	-97.905	-71.330	-46.787	-22.485	0.053
L LBS.	-0.022	-20.459	-31.843	-46.272	-60.649	-77.102	-95,409	-113.896	-134.509	-156.696	-135.589	-110.857	-95.290	-78.035	-59.298	-45.867	-31,443	-19.286	-9.088	-0.022

Table B.9 Loading for Negative Pitching Moment

نہ	a	>	£	¥	£	LOADS
LBS.	LBS.	LBS.	INLBS.	INLBB.	INLBS.	INLBB.
0.066	-0.131	-0°00	0.025	-0.110	0.212	00000
5.562	-4.377	0.211	0.835	4.240	1.341	4.500
11.857	-9.049	0.370	2.083	8.887	2.601	9.000
18.013	-13.622	0.495	3.150	13.489	3,331	13.500
24.747	-18.318	0.626	3.910	18.382	4.961	18.000
31.940	-22.505	0.829	5.555	22.643	4.846	22.500
37.782	-26.961	1.037	6.804	27.220	6.147	27.000
44.619	-32,413	1.032	7.773	32.072	6.461	31.500
53.843	-36.639	1.193	9.141	36.627	7.297	36.000
59.427	-41.664	1.599.	9.66	40.472	B. 143	40.500
690.65	-46.790	2.142	11.322	45.119	9.719	45.000
50.551	-41.774	1.587	10.158	40.805	8.513	40.500
53.264	-36.577	1.493	9.025	36.165	7.753	36.000
45,255	-32,552	1.278	7.913	32.021	7.069	31.500
37,751	-27.066	1.106	6.789	27.180	5.832	27.000
51.770	-22.787	0.996	5.544	22.547	5.388	22.500
24.763	-18,305	0.602	4.545	18.441	5.226	18.000
17.238	-13.475	0.505	3.055	13.512	4.338	13.500
12,701	-8.738	0.338	2.273	9.097	2.429	9.000
5.932	-4.225	0.163	1.185	4.491	1.155	4.500
0.044	171	-0.00B	0.025	-0.110	0.212	000

Property secrets between represent respects respects received

Table B.10 Loading for Positive Yawing Moment

D LBS.	LBS.	PA INLBS.	YM INLBS.	RM INLBS.	LOADS INLBS.
32	-0.028	0.028	-0.027	0.781	000
50	-0.176	-1.317	-4.459	1.095	-4.500
326	-0.366	-2.934	-8.975	1.589	-9.000
785	-0.540	-4.137	-13.347	2.262	-13.500
948	-0.759	-5.256	-18.131	2.682	-18.000
529	-0.905	-6.851	-22.375	3.800	-22.500
182	-0.931	-8.447	-26.892	4.200	-27.000
270	-0.940	-9.815	-31,754	4.779	-31.500
046	-1.406	-11.161	-35.695	4.987	-36.000
681	-1.179	-12.434	-40.492	6.500	-40.500
777	-1.296	-13.990	-44.956	6.613	-45.000
721	-1.134	-12.621	-40.644	6.260	-40.500
970	-1.340	-11.161	-35.826	5.420	-36.000
183	-1.021	-9.776	-31.786	4.654	-31.500
313	-0.984	-8.537	-26.865	4.089	-27.000
464	-0.671	-6.919	-22.446	3.769	-22.500
716	-0.714	-5.330	-18.099	3.247	-1B.000
012	-0.561	-4.251	-13,569	2.482	-13.500
281	-0.337	-2.996	-9.067	2.204	-9.000
4.281	-0.192	-1.549	-4.485	1.514	-4.500
032	-0.02B	0.028	-0.027	0.781	000

Table B.11 Loading for Negative Yawing Moment

LOADS INLBB.	0.000	11.500	23.000	34.500	46.000	57.500	900.49	80.500	92.000	103.500	115.000	103.500	92.000	80.500	69.000	57.500	46.000	34.500	23.000	11.500	0000
RM INLBS.	0.683	12.072	23.143	34.326	47.042	57.242	68.583	80.292	93.388	104.096	115.821	102.672	91.494	78.468	68.825	56.446	46.912	35.616	23.271	12.422	0.683
YM INLBS.	-0.062	-0.787	-1.360	-2.272	-2.780	-3.525	-4.195	-4.964	-5.483	-6.342	-6.723	-6.460	-5.679	-5.156	-4.083	-3.244	-2.717	-2.002	-1.340	-0.711	-0.062
PM IN, -LBS,	-0.141	-1.133	-2.068	-3.123	-4.087	-4.966	-5.749	-6.933	-7.909	-9.060	-9.725	-9.225	-7.918	-7.125	-5.547	-5.042	-4.108	-3.055	-2.280	-1.165	-0.141
∀	-0.012	-0.017	-0.09B	-0.113	-0.166	-0.225	-0.233	-0.317	-0.303	-0.308	-0.388	-0.308	-0.417	-0.274	-0.260	-0.241	-0.176	-0.136	-0.098	-0.033	-0.012
D LBS.	0.082	-0.977	-2.106	-3.170	-4.364	-5.136	-6.254	-7.130	-8.211	-9.415	-10.585	-9.063	-7.841	-6.983	-6.002	-5.466	-3.948	-3.227	-2.367	-1.191	0.082
LBS.	-0.261	2.400	5.066	7.477	10.411	12.944	16.316	19.773	22.995	26.416	29.380	26.436	22.941	20.190	16.915	14.206	10.928	8.552	4.663	2.454	-0.261

Table B.12 Loading for Positive Rolling Moment

_	Ω	>	£	£	£	LOADS
LBS.	LBS.	LBS.	INLBS.	INLBS.	INLBS.	
-0.188	0.053	-0.005	-0.023	-0.024	0.210	000.00
-2.414	0.822	0.022	0.818	0.688	-10.239	-11.500
-5.413	1.281	0.050	1.275	1.289		-23,000
-7.829	2.468	0.068	2.224	1.917		-34.500
-10.429	3.520	0.084	2.837	2.760		-46.000
-14.950	3.991	0.245	3.540		020	-57.500
-17.179	4.586	0.102	4.271		701	-69.000
-20.313	5.433	0.136	5.085		511	-80.500
-23.743	6.551	0.161	5.967		562	-92.000
-26.884	7.181	0.195	6.562		372	-103.500
-31.111	8.611	0.286	7.206	6.775	-113.554	-115.000
-27.668	7.449	0.315	6.546		360	-103.500
-23.715	6.705	0.242	6.022		574	-92.000
-20.660	5.896	0.214	2.060		559	-80.500
-18.021	5.410	0.064	4.261		281	-69.000
-14.706	4.519	c. 125	3.446		337	-57.500
-10.793	3.840	0.120	2.945		204	-46.000
-8,334	2.809	0.094	2,160		794	-34.500
-5.582	1.321	0.016	1.432		390	-23.000
-3.077	0.825	0.015	0.800		264	-11.500
001	F 10 C		FCC 0-		210	

Table B.13 Loading for Negative Rolling Moment

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